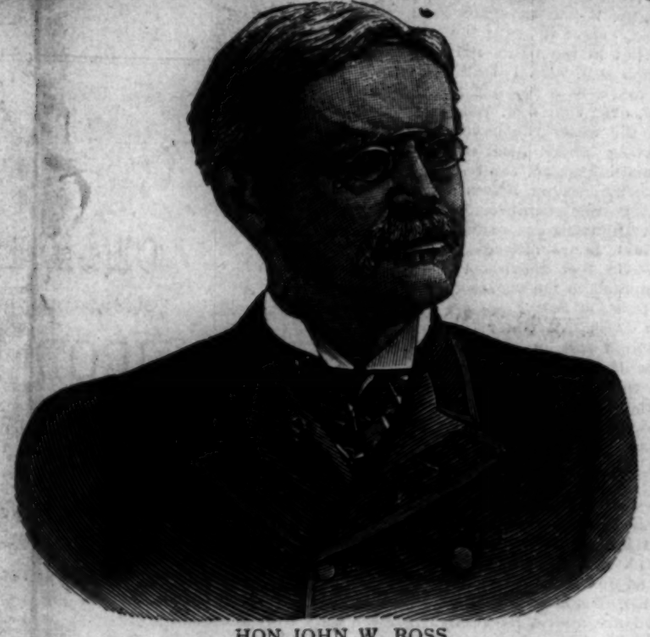
A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in
THE BEE.
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

THE WASHINGTON BEE

The Bee
GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM.
TRY IT
Do you want reliable news, fearless race advocate? The you want a trade? Read and advertise in THE BEE!

VOL XVIII. WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1900 NO. 45.



HON. JOHN W. ROSS.
The people's choice for Commissioner reappointed:

SENATOR M. S. QUAY.
Defeated.

THEY SAY

Mr. John B. Wight will have a better opinion of the Negro [illegible] ians before he dies.

He never was a republican but was made Commissioner by accident.

The people of this city want a change in the District Commissionership.

When Reyburn and Lee get through with their contest they will no doubt be wiser than they were before the election.

There w[illegible] e Ba[illegible]

The flim[illegible] will not se Capital.

Othello's occupation has gone.

[illegible] has gone never to return ag[illegible]

It is the defeated man who makes the kick.

In union there [illegible] in a broken neck

Defeat in politics is worse to some people than [illegible]

The Baptist people didn't want Rev. Lee.

They paid him with some coin and he paid Rev. Walter Brooks.

Rev. Lee said on that occasion "a minister who entered poli[illegible] hould be removed."

Why doesn't [illegible]. Lee resign and save his congregation the trouble of removing him.

It would save the President of embarrassment if Mr. John B. Wight were to resign.

The letter signed a Woman in the Post, in a few days will be vindicated. The Bee will tell the public what it is and where it came from.

It is sometimes best to keep quiet [illegible]'s faults are not exposed

This alleged woman will no doubt be able to stand the calcium light.

Think well of those who speak well of you.

Recorder Cheatham is a whole soul man.

He may have his faults, but they are not vicious.

There will be a jubelee when ohn B Wight is removed.

The Bee is the people's choice.

It takes the lead in journalism.

It is so if you see it in The Bee.

Look out for a semi-weekly Bee

It will be a daisy and a gem.

THE BEE is the peoples paper.

Do your duty notwithstandiag what other people say.

There are people who talk too much.

He is the right man in the right place.

Ivy city went for Chase and Jones.

Defeated candidates always make a kick.

The democratic party has a great deal to learn.

If you want a live paper read THE BEE.

All this world is a stage and the people are merely the players.

If you know a thing keep it to yourself.

President McKinley will be the next President.

We often go to those for help we have abused.

Always treat your neighbor right and then you will never regret it.

The world is in a commotion and it is doubtful what the result will be.

Don't forget what you say to your friend because when he meets you, you may tell him something else.

John F. Cook will have to do something better than he he is doing if he wants votes.

Going among the bishops will not aid him in the least.

You never see your mistakes until it is too late.

SALT LAKE.

It Is Gradually Disappearing Through Several Causes.

The popular outing and picnic grounds of Salt Lake City is the Great Salt Lake. Thither they start Saturday afternoons, in fine weather, which is the rule here—every Saturday in droves. But what if Salt Lake should disappear? Already the lake, through evaporation and other causes, is greatly reduced in size, and this, too, within the memory of men still living. What effect the ultimate disappearance of this body of water will have upon the wonderfully rich and fertile valley which the original Mormon emigrants pre-empted, settled and made to blossom as the rose, it is too soon to prophesy, but its gradual disappearance is regarded with forebodings and dismal apprehension by landholders in that neighborhood. To one who has never bathed in its waters the first experience is unique. At Garfield Beach, where you can make a dive or jump from a considerable height, you naturally, if you have not been forewarned, expect to enter the water all over, but in the Great Salt Lake, so brackish is it, that it is all but impossible to go in over your head, or, if diving, over your feet. When you first strike the water you have the feeling of having landed head on against a pneumatic cushion, for the further in you go the greater becomes the force opposing your entrance. Not the least wonderful thing in connection with this lake is its altitude, lying as it does 4,200 feet above sea level.

Compared to the waters of the Dead Sea, those of Salt Lake are comparatively fresh. All water carries a percentage of salt, and in both the cases of the Dead Sea and the Great Salt Lake there is no outlet to the lakes—and they maintain their levels through evaporation. Through the countless centuries during which they have existed this salt, since it does not evaporate, has accumulated until these bodies of water have attained their present brackish condition.

Bathing in the Dead Sea is really fearful. In the first place, you are so buoyed up by the water as to literally lie on its surface, and after a bath in it you are almost as sticky as you would have been had you taken a plunge into a hogshead of molasses—a state you must endure for some time, as fresh water does not lie near it. It is only to be able to say afterward that you have bathed in the waters of the Dead Sea that induces you to take that nauseous plunge. The Dead Sea, as you look from its borders, is seemingly surrounded by lofty hills, but when once you reach their summit and your eye again roves over the level stretchs of plain, you come to a realization of the fact that the sea lies below the crust or surface of the earth, and what you had taken for hills were simply the sides of the indentation or cup in which it is sunk. But even Salt Lake bathing is an experience as delightful as it is novel. It is impossible to drown in its briny waters.

CAPE NOME.

Immense Yield of the Gold Fields There Not Exaggerated.

R. T. Lynz, of St. Michael's, Alaska, is at present stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria, and when seen there said:

"No; Nome is not a figment of the imagination, nor are the reports from there exaggerated. Last year the beach sands yielded $1,500,000, and the creek mines $2,500,000. I and my partners own the Eskimo claim on the beach in front of Nome City, and have just received the report of the assayer at San Francisco, to whom I sent some of the sand for analysis. The report shows the presence of 3.02 ounces of gold and 0.98 ounces of silver, worth $62.99 to the ton. This is, of course, exceptionally rich. The sand is covered over with tundra, a species of moss.

"While so far the creek claims have yielded the greater quantity, within five years I believe the beach claims will produce the most gold, for the reason that, while it is not nearly as rich ground to work, there is a great deal more of it. In some places the beach sands are very richly impregnated with gold. Indeed, I have known it to run as high as $100 a rocker, and the 2,000 men who were at work on the beach last year certainly averaged $20 a day each. Cape Nome lies on the peninsular that terminates in Oonalaska, and for hundreds of miles the lay of the land there is the same. We do not as yet know how much of this great coast line is gold bearing, but personally I think a large part of it is. The prospectors will let us know next year.

"I see Wright, who is postmaster at Nome City, has stated that the lawless element was so much in evidence there that the peaceably inclined needed governmental protection. That is all rot. There is, of course, as in every new mining camp, a lot of scalawags who occasionally make trouble, but the majority of the population are miners who are strictly honest.

"Last year lumber sold at Cape Nome as high as $200 a thousand feet, which had originally cost not over $15 a thousand, so you can see that money is to be made there in other ways than by mining."—N. Y. Tribune.

What Ailed the Dog.

Marjorie was spending the night away from home. As evening drew near the little maid struggled bravely against the feeling of homesickness that oppressed her. She was diverted, however, by the dismal howling of old Fido.

"What can be the matter with that dog?" some one exclaimed.

Marjorie looked sympathetic.

"I s'pect he wants to see his ma," she said thoughtfully.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT

House & Herrmann

The Only Complete Housefurnishing Establishment Washington.

N. E. Cor. 7th and I Streets, N. W

Chas. E. Spielder

Manufactu er of Plain and Ornamental

IRON RAILING

Iron Porches, Window Guards, Grills, Balconies, Gratings, Cellar Doors, Etc., of Every Description.

Builders' Work A Specialty.

All work Firstclass.

Shop in Rear of 1344 H Street, N. E

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 30 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

S. OPPENHEIMER & Bro.

514 Ninth St., N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

CENTER MARKET.

Miller & Krogmann,

DEALERS IN

Hams, Bacon, Lard,

Beef and Beef Tongues.

"Dove Brand" Hams a Specialty.

451, 452 and 453 Center Market.

401 302 Northern Liberty Market.

FRANK HUME,

WHOLESALE GROCER

No. 404 Pennsylvania Av

WASHINGTON, D. C.

All Goods Packed and Delivered Free of Charge.

WILBUR F. NASH

500 CENTRE MARKET,

Hams, Bacon, Lard,

DRIED AND CHIPPED BEEF,

COOKED HAMS, TONGUES

BRANCHES:

9 Centre Market,

94 & 95 O St. Market,

Residence, 122 M St., N. W

James F. OYSTER

Dealer In

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

MARBLE BUILDING.

Cor. Pa. Ave. and Ninth Street.

Washington, D. C. Telephone 271.

SPECIALIST.

Doctor Douglas,

308 11th St., n. w.—bet. E and F.

Specialist in Rheumatism and all Chronic diseases. Consultation free.

Charges low.

ADVANTAGE OF BAILEYS IMPROVED TRUSS.

It adjusts itself so perfectly to the rupture that it is impossible for it to become displaced.

It permits the utmost freedom of motion with perfect safety.

All uncomfortable and injurious steel spring pressure is avoided.

The pad is held in place by woven bands, which retain an equal pressure in all positions of the body.

It can be worn in bed, a great desideratum to the young as tending to a perfect cure.

It is the only suitable truss for children and females.

The proper amount of pressure can be brought to bear and maintained in any position without pinching or hurting to the wearer.

It will cure hernia if placed on the patient sufficiently early.

Excepting umbilical, it is the best truss ever offered for all kinds of hernia.

It is so perfect and comfortable in its adjustment that the patient in a short time forgets he is wearing it. (See the certificate of Mr. Daniel Johnson.)

Sent postage paid to any address on receipt of price; $3 for single and $4 for double truss

In ordering, give location of hernia, right or left side, and measurement. Satisfaction given or money refunded when the truss is returned in good order. Address:

L. C. Bailey,

Room 15, 609 F St., N. W.

or 2921 M St., N. W., Wash., D. C.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

Northwest.

George & Co., 908 7th street, northwest, is where you will find the best gents goods. Take your boys there and say The BEE sent you. Mr. George is an affiable and just man to the people.

THE MASTER OF VIBRATION

Work and Ways of A Most Peculiar Man.

HE EARNS A BIG INCOME

The Golden Profession of "Great I Am"—Gathering In Coin in a Rocky Mountain City—He Claims to Do Miracles and Has Many Patrons.

The "Rev." Thomas J. Shelton, the "Great I Am," the "Christian Healer" and master of "Vibration," has turned up in Denver, Colorado, and is earning money at his trade.

He had not ben heard from since he left Little Rock, Ark., several years ago. Now, as confident and buoyant as ever, says the New York World, he is gathering in the coin in the Rocky Mountain city.

In 1887 Shelton appeared in Little Rock, Ark., as a Christian minister. His church was a ramshackle shed and the congregation few in numbers. He started a revival on remarkable lines, and inside of a year had a fine stone edifice and a fashionable building. Then dissention arose. It was said he drank.

"I do," he acknowledged calmly. "I am a dipsomaniac. I can't help it."

Instead of losing his pulpit, the elders placed a jug in the vestry of the church, where he could take a drink before and after services. One day he appeared in the pulpit incoherent. That split up the church, but many stuck to him. Then once he acknowledged in a sermon that he loved another man's wife. Such was his individuality that he was forgiven. After that he started his "vibration" scheme and began to publish The Christain.

Shelton's theory, as he claims, is: That from his ego, or inner self, for the small sum of $1, he will send out a vibration for you that will enable you to do anything—make a hit in Wall street, cure any disease, cure a dog of the mange, bring back false lovers, make hens lay, or do anything else imaginable. Incidentally, he makes about $50,000 a year out of his trades.

As he expresses it: "God is a universal principle. I am the person of that principle. Each individual is the person of the individual principle, and his power consists in the recognition of his personality. As long as you believe God is a person outside of yourself you are dependent on this other person. When you recognize that you are the person of this individual you become independent. The 'I Am' is the personal name of the Diety. The God, the universal principle, is not named Jesus or Josh, but the 'I Am that I Am.'

"I believe that individually I am associated with all the power that there is in the world. If the 'I Am' should suddenly cease to use me as a means to work through, it would make no difference to me. I have plenty of money to live on, and I have just invested $10,000 in a mine. If it were not that I have this work of the 'I Am' to carry on, I would be just a plain, bald-headed gold-bug Republican.

"I am the most practical of men. There is nothing of the crank about me. I believe the almighty dollar is the shadow of Almighty God. When I brought my paper, the Christian, to Denver, and asked for bids from printers for getting it out, I took the lowest bidder.

"It is not to women alone, but to men as well. I have many men

(Thomas J. Shelton.)

friends, one of whom is seventy-five years old, and I call him 'sweetheart.' There are men who address me in the same terms of endearment. You know, it is pleasant to all of us to have loving and affectionate words employed in our intercourse with each other. It is simply in this way that I use these terms.

"How do I give people treatments? Well, I go into the silence. If I am to treat for poverty, I send vibration of success. I have patients in Wall street who pay me from $25 to $50 a month. Once I built a house worth $5,000 when I didn't have five cents to begin with. I saw the whole thing as in a picture, and knew that was the thing to do—and it was."

Shelton claims to have vibrated for E. Burd Grubb, of New Jersey, ex-Minister to Spain, who lost his fortune so successfully that the fortune came back.

He says he receives about 2,000 letters a month, each containing $1. In his answers he always addresses the inquirer as "sweetheart," and some of the answers to young women are lurid.

"Carrie, my darling," he wrote to one young woman. "I believe I have more sweethearts than any other man on earth. "I began my awakening by loving a woman I should not, and now I love all women—black white, red, yellow and mixed."

WEALTHY SENATORS.

But Probably the Estimates Are Rather High.

Chauncey M. Depew (Rep.), New York, personal wealth, $2,000,000.

William Andrews Clark (Dem.), Montana, mine owner, banker and manufacturer, $30,000,000.

Marcus Alonzo Harna (Rep.), Ohio, coal and iron mine owner and manufacturer, railroad and steamship lines and banker, $12,000,000.

Stephen Benton Elkins (Rep.), West Virginia, coal and iron mines and railroads, $7,000,000.

John Percival Jones (Silver), Nevada, gold and silver mines, $10,000,000.

Redfield Proctor, (Rep.), Vermont, lawyer, $3,000,000.

John Kean, (Rep.), New Jersey, lawyer and banker, $5,000,000.

Thomas Collier Platt (Rep.), New York, express company, banker and commercial interests, $5,000,000.

George Peabody Wetmore (Rep.), Rhode Island, banker, lawyer and capitalist, $5,000,000.

Nathan B. Scott (Rep.), West Virginia, capitalist, $2,000,000.

William Morris Stewart (Silver), Nevada, lawyer and gold and silver mine owner, $2,000,000.

Nelson W. Aldrich (Rep.), Rhode Island, street railway magnate, $1,000,000.

Addison G. Foster (Rep.), Washington, lumber, coal and shipping, $2,500,000.

James McMillan (Rep.), Michigan, lumber, 5,000,000.

Edward Oliver Wolcott (Rep.), Colorado, lawyer and mining, $2,000,000.

Henry Cabot Lodge (Rep.), Massachusetts, literature, $2,000,000.

Charles Warren Fairbanks (Rep.), Indiana, lawyer, $2,000,000.

Joseph Benson Foraker (Rep.), Ohio, lawyer, $1,000,000.

William J. Sewall (Rep.), New Jersey, railroads and banking, $2,000,000.

Joseph Very Quarles (Rep.), Wisconsin, lawyer and lumber, $1,500,000.

Boies Penrose (Rep.), Pennsylvania, lawyer, 1,000,000.

Francis E. Warren (Rep.), Wyoming, ranchman, $1,500,000.

Eugene Hale (Rep.), Maine, lawyer, $1,000,000.

George C. Perkins (Rep.), California, steamships and banking, $5,000,000.

George Shoup (Rep.), Idaho, sheep and mine owner, $1,000,000.

Joseph Simon (Rep.), Oregon, lawyer, $1,000,000.—N. Y. World.

WHITTIER AT HOME.

Gail Hamilton's Picture of the Poet by His Own Fireside.

The first installment of a series of letters that passed between Whittier and Gail Hamilton are published for the first time in the December Ladies' Home Journal. In one letter (written, however, to a friend) Gail Hamilton gives this interesting glimpse of Whittier at home:

"Imagine Whitter and me sitting together one whole day and two evening all the time and then repeating it. * * * One of the brass knobs on the Franklin stove was loose and came off in my hand. I turned it over and remarked upon its brightness. He said, 'Now, doesn't thee know that thee is making work?' 'How?' I asked. 'Why destroying the brightness by handling it.' I rubbed it with my handkerchief and asked the housekeeper if I had made her any work. 'Oh' she said, 'you make me no work. Mr. Whittier always takes care of these brasses himself. That accounted, I said, for his anxiety—and dismissed mine—for I did not think a man generally had any more work to do than was good for him! * * * The little balls of the trimming of my dress kept coming off and were lying around on the floor. I picked one up just as I was coming away and said: 'There. I will give you that a keepsake.' He laughed and said he had two in his pocket already. * * * He told some company in the evening that I had talked so much it had made him hoarse."

Surely an Artistic Screen.

An impecunious maiden with artistic tendencies recently found herself in need of a screen to hide the baldness of the necessary washstand, the one disturbing element in an otherwise dainty room. A friend gave her a Japanese screen of dilapidated antiquity, adding that she could recover it and it would be as good as new.

After pricing the pretty things in tapestry and Oriental drapery our ingenious maiden decided she must manufacture something herself. She invested in a heavy cartridge paper of a dark gray tone which she carefully pasted on one side of the screen, across the bottom she made an artistic scroll design in sepia, and then sat herself down to wait for visitors in the artistic and decorative line, of which she had many.

Her first caller was a youth whose drawings have enlivened the pages of many a daily journal. To him she explained her predicament, and he good-naturedly produced the ubiquitous bit of crayon and sketched in one of his popular cartoons. Other friends soon came to her assistance, and at the end of a week the screen was finished, completely covered with autographed sketches, all of considerable artistic merit and many of no little intrinsic value as well.—N. Y. Herald.

Lipton Must Wed.

London society is very busy finding Sir Thomas Lipton a wife. Ladies go at him constantly with the question: "Why are you not married?"

The reply of the owner of the Shamrock is characteristic. He says: "The truth is, I have led such a busy life and have been so much occupied that I have never had time to marry!"

Society in the meantime attaches his name to that of Miss Stanley, a charming young lady, tall, brunette and slender, of whom he has seen a great deal and who was at his dinner party recently. She is the daughter of Lady Jeune by her first marriage.

A Natural Inquiry.

Softleigh—A bwilliant—aw—idea stwuck me lawst evening, doncher know?"

Miss Cutting—Indeed! And did it have a fender on it?—Chicago News.

Hotess—That plain-looking girl is Miss Smythe. Can you see her home?

De Witt—I'm afraid I'm too near sighted."—Harper's Bazar.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R R

THE "ROYAL LIMITED".

MOST SUPERB DAY TRAIN IN THE WORLD.

DAILY BETWEEN

NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE WASHINGT

EW YORK 3.00 P.M.: AR WASH'N
N 3.00 P.M.: AR. NEW YOR

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE AND ANNAPOLIS SHORT LINE RAILROAR.
TRAINS LEAVE CAMDEN STATION.
For Annapolis and way stations, week days, 7:15 8.50 a. m., 1.10, 5.40 p. m.
On Sundays 8.50 a. m. 5.40 p. m.
For Round Bay and Bay Ridge, daily 3.00 p. m.
Leave Annapolis, week days, 6 45 8.55 a. m. 3.50 and 7.15 p. m.
Sundays 8.55 a. m. 3.50 and 7.45 p. m.
Leave Ray Ridge week days 7.00 p. m.
Sundays 7.30 p. m.
Fare to Bay Ridge and return, 50c.
C. A. Coombs, G. M.

C. & O. ROUTE. Chesapeake AND OHIO RAILWAY.

THROUGH THE GRANDEST SCENERY IN AMERICA. ALL TRAINS VESTIBULE, ELECTRIC LIGHTED, STEAM HEATED, ALL MEALS SERVED IN DINING CARS STATION SIXTH AND B STREETS.

Schedule in effect Jnue 18, 1899.

2:15 p. m. daily—Cincinnati and St Louis Special-Solid train for Cincinnati. Pullman sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis without change. Parlor cars Cincinnati to Chicago. Connects at Covington, Va., for Virginia Hot Springs.

11:10 P. M. DAILY—F. F. V. Limited—Solid train for Cincinnati. Pullman sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington and Louisville without change. Observation Car. Pullman Compartment Car to Virginia Hot Springs, without change, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Daily connection for the Springs. Sleepers Cincinnati to Chicago and St. Louis.

11:45 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY—Parlor Car Washington to Richmond and Richmond to Old Point. Only rail line, via Penn., R. F. & P. and C. & O. Railways.

2:15 P. M. DAILY—For Gordonsville, Charlottesville, Staunton and for Richmond, daily, except Sunday.

Reservations and tickets at Chesapeake and Ohio offices, 513 Pennsylvania Avenue and 609 14th Street,

H. W. FULLER, General Passenger Agent.

THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME
SIMPLE STRONG SWIFT SURE
SEWING MACHINE
HAS NO EQUAL.
PERFECT SATISFACTION
New Home Sewing Machine Co.
—ORANGE, MASS.—
30 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
Atlanta, Ga. Dallas, Tex. San Francisco, Cal.
FOR SALE BY

East India Corn Plaster.
Immediate Relief and Cure of
HARD AND SOFT CORNS,
BUNIONS AND CALLOUSES
Prepared by
A. J. SCHAFHIRT, Pharmacist
N. Capitol & H Sts., N. W.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NORTHWEST

Chr. Xander,
909 Seventh Street.

In this origina house of thirty five years standing, Whiskies, Brandies, Gins, Rums, and in all 129 Wines 45 Cordials, etc., are sold in always equal qualities. Catawba, the best obtainable, $1 per gallon. His own Sweet Norton, also $1 a gallon, can be diluted heavily without loss to its vinosity. Of the 20 different standards of Whiskies, his 6-year old Special Rye at 75 cents full quart, Golden Medal 65 cents, and the grades at 60 cents and 50 cents, full quart, have been known so well and so long as pure and without fusil poison that their superiority in that regard over most others cannot be contradicted. For slender purses and the wealthy there are so many goods in stock that all can be satisfied.
Remember the number—909.
(NO BRANCH HOUSES.)

BUFFET
MES STEVENS Prop.
456 Louisiana Avenue, n. w
Baker Whisky A Specialty.

When you are hungry or Thirsty Go to
P. F. O'Conner,
617 D Street, northwst.
Where you will always find a choice line of Whiskies and Liquors. Oysters in every Style. All are treated right.

I DRINK AT
W. Harnedy's
I DON'T BUT WILL HERE AFTER.
No. 3288 M Street, Northwest,
GEORGETOWN D C.

MEEHAN,
N. W. Cor. 7th and H sts., S. W.
One of the best places in S'h Washing'n
Wines, Liquors, and Cigars
Of the finest brands,
FRESH BEER DAILY.
XXXX Mountain Pimlico Club
P. MEEHAN, Prop.

--Edward Murphy--
Wines and Liquors.
831 14th Street Northwest.
Nov. 21 (3 mos).

TELEPHONE.
Louis J. Kessel
Importer of and Dealer in
Wines & Liquors
Specially for medicnal and family use.
OXFORD and TREMONT, Pure Rye Whiskies.
WHOLESALE ONLY.
425 Tenth Street Northwest.
Washington, D. C.

Pure Old Straight Rye Whiskey AT
Wines & Liquors,
Cigars & Tobacco.
Also Manufacturer of fine Cigars.
9 0 Fifth Street Northwest.
Washington, D. C.

Wm. H. BROOKER,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
RICHMOND HOUSE.
WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.
Meals at all Hours, and Game in Season.
1229 D Street, southeast,
Washington, D. C.

Edward Flynn,
DEALER IN FINE
Wines AND LIQUORS

Dining Room.
Shooting Gallery
AND
POOL ROOM
225 Pa. ave. & 212 B st., n. w.
Rooms, 25, & 50c. Cents
Wm. H. Lee, Pro.

SAMUEL G. STEWART
SALOON
1141 7th St., bet L & M Sts., NW
Elite Whiskey A SPECIALTY
and all the Popular Brands
The largest glass of Henrich's BEER IN THE CITY.

O'HANLON & MURRAY,
Wholesale and Retail
Dealer In
Fine
Wines
and
Liquor.
1519 Seventh Street, N. W.,
Washington, D C.

Karl Xander,
IMPORTER,
Rectifier and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS
1530—32 7th Street N. W.
Agent for Southern Bouquet Whiskey.

JAMES THARP,
Importer and Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
812 F STREET, N. W.
"BERKLEY"
Pure Rye Whiskey.

Jacob Xander,
DEALER IN
Wines and Liquors,
1315 Seventh Street,
Between N and O Streets

Rudden's Furniture House, 8337th street, n. w. You can get an outfit here cheap. Just drop in and be satsfied.

HOTELS—BALTIMORE.

SARATOGA HOTEL.
A. H. Cole, Proprietor.
Special Rates To Theatrical Troupes
New Management
Bar Stocked With The Finest Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Terms: $1.50 to $2.00 per day.
$7 to $12 per wee
Howard and Saratoga Streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
Cars to and from all Depots pass the Hote

RESTAURANTS—NORTHWEST

LEECH'S
Restaurant,
Cor 19th & L sts.
NORTHWEST
Harper Whiskey a Specialty

LIQUOR DEALERS
BALTIMORE.

WHITE, DALY, & CO.
DISTILLERS.
Baltimore, Md.
THE BEST

ALEXANDRIA.

E. E. Downham & Co.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
No. 107 KING STREET,
Alexandria, Va.
OLD DOMINION FAMILY RYE AND MOUNT VERNON WHISKIES A SPECIALTY.
Nov. 30th 1 mos.

STYLISH, RELIABLE ARTISTIC
Recommended by Leading Dressmakers. They Always Please.
McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢
NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE
These patterns are sold in nearly every city and town in the United States. If your dealer does not keep them send direct to us. One cent stamps received. Address your nearest point.
THE McCALL COMPANY,
138 to 146 W. 14th Street, New York
BRANCH OFFICES:
189 Fifth Ave., Chicago, and 1051 Market St., San Francisco.
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50 A YEAR
Brigh... Contains Illustrations, Agents wanted, Locality work, Particulars, including... Published 1 Colored Plates. Patterns, Fashions. This magazine in every families for a little and other particulars only 50c. per year, Pattern.
Address THE McCALL CO., 138 to 146 W. 14th St., New York

Rye Whiskies,
302 Exchange Place,
Our Specialties:
FRARY'S OWL WHISKEY,
BAKER'S PURE RYE WHISKEY, HOSS AND HOSS AND PATAPSCO CLUB WHISKEY.
Importers of
BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, ALE, AND STOUT, ETC.
P. O. BOX 445.
BALTIMORE, MD
TELEPHONE CALL 1576.

THE SUN'S TOTAL ECLIPSE.

It Will Offer an Unusual Opportunity for Science.

THE RESULTS EXPECTED.

Visible in the United States—the Track of Totality—Skilled Observers Will Be on Hand—Locating Stations.

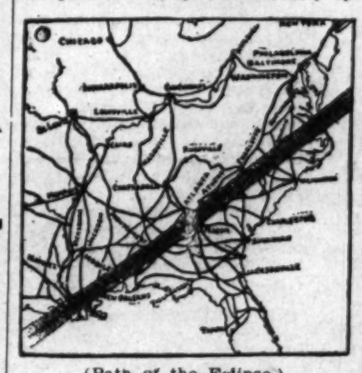
In one respect the sun's total eclipse of May 28 next will be without precedent. Its path instead of extending over the sparsely settled regions that intervene between Iowa and the western coast, as in 1878, or stretching over the watery expanses of the Pacific, as in 1883, when the United States had to send an expedition to the Caroline Islands, 4,000 miles west of South America, or let the eclipse go unobserved, will cross the six states of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina, touch Virginia and traverse a very fairly settled portion of the republic, which is covered with a perfect network of rail. The track of totality begins on the Pacific ocean just west of Mexico at sunrise, trends due eastward over Mexico, enters the United States very near New Orleans, La., and extends northeastward over Mobile and Montgomery, Ala., passes close to Atlanta, Ga., and Columbia, S. C., over Raleigh, N. C., and leaves this country in the region of Norfolk, Va., and Cape Henry. Besides the cities named it includes thirty other towns that are large enough to find place on the smaller maps. After leaving the United States the path of the eclipse crosses the Atlantic ocean and touches Europe at Coimbra, Portugal, takes in Algiers nd northern Africa and terminates near the northern end of the Red sea at suset. The eclipse will last about 1 minute and 12 seconds near New Orleans, and 1 minute and 40 seconds near Norfolk.

The accessibility of the path of the eclipse will render the coming event of incalculable value to science. Preparations are being made by nearly all the scientific institutions in the country to place their best instrumens and most scientific observers in the field. The United States Government will spend thousands of dollars establishing observation stations along the path of the eclipse. As Uncle Sam's chief star gazer, Professor Brown, will have charge of the government's principal observations. He is making preparations for work with a knowledge born ng experience and a natural g in all matters appertaining to h He has been connected with ervatory for nineteen years. He l graduate of the Naval Academy at Annapolis and holds the rank of commander in the navy.

"Greater results are probable from the observations this year," says Professor Brown, "than from any taken heretofore. During the half decade since the last total eclipse there have been great strides in improvements in the apparatus employed in the work. Photography has been wonderfully developed and the improvements in photography alone may effect remarkable discoveries during this year's eclipse. Moreover, the ease with which the eclipse region may be visited will increase the number of scientific observers enormously.

"The government is already preparing to occupy several stations along the path of totality. The necesary apparatus is being gathered and arranged, and men especially adapted for the work are being engaged, and their special parts in the observations are being outlined. Congress has allowed $5,000 to the naval observatory for expenses and $4,000 to the Smithsonian Institute. The naval observatory will send out two expeditions.

"The eclipse will be a great attraction for amateurs—persons who own photographic outfits or other scientific instruments used in observing the phenomena of the solar eclipse. Letters have been received at the observatory which warrant the prognostication that probably 1,000 of these unattached 'amateurs' will be somewhere along the path of the eclipse. The government does not discourage these amateurs, but rather gives them every encouragement and courts contributions of photographs and data from them to add to the government records. It is remembered that one of the finest sets of photographs of the eclipse in India in 1896 was taken by an amateur with a home-made camera but one having an excellent lens. Amateurs have been a help in the field in many instances, and they are always ready to volunteer their services. When Professor Cambell of the Lick observatory went to observe the eclipse in India he took only his wife for an assistant; on the field he found all the trained volunteers necessary to manipulate the seven instruments he made...



(Path of the Eclipse.)

THE IDAHO HORSE QUEEN.

She Has Now Lassoed A St. Louis Contractor.

BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN.

She Is a Quick Brander, a Dead Shot With Rifle or Pistol—Of Striking Appearance and Wealthy—Always Ready and Able to Protect Herself.

Miss Kitty Wilkins, the Horse Queen of Idaho, has made her most important "round-up," says a St. Louis special to the New York World, and lassoed a husband. He is William J. ("Billy") Baker, of the firm of Best & Baker, brick contractors, of St. Louis.

The "wild West" and the "effete East" are "branded" and "lariated" all through their romance of hearts.

Miss Wilkins, who rides straddle, and in leather breeches, out among her herds in Idaho valleys, and counts her horses by the thousands of heads, met Mr. Baker in St. Louis last year.

She came here with carloads of Western-bred horseflesh, and sold 3,000 in one consignment to the National Stock Yards.

Many young men of the swagger set got tangled in Miss Wilkins' train. The fair young horse woman gave

(Kitty Wilkins.)

several swagger suppers at the Lindell Hotel. Mr. Baker was among the guests.

Last fall Miss Wilkins made another trip to the city, and renewed her former acquaintance list. Among the most devoted of her admirers was Mr. Baker. The same round of late suppers, theatre parties and princely pleasure spoke eloquently of the horse queen's splendor in her far Western home.

On more than one occasion when an overconfident young man presumed upon Miss Wilkins' wild Western freedom of spirit, he was checked by the glitter of her clear gray eyes and the scorn of her curling scarlet lips, or, if needed, by the iron grip of her fist clinched tightly about the inevitable riding whip poised above her shapely head.

None of Baker's friends was taken into his confidence until after the dissolving of the partnership of Best & Baker.

Baker then announced that he would return with his bride in about four months, when they would bring a large consignment of horses. He promised several of his friends, who were Miss Wilkins' erstwhile guests in St. Louis, that they should have the pick of the lot.

Miss Wilkins, besides being a fearless rider and expert caster of the lasso, and a quick brander, is a dead shot with rifle and pistol. She is a goddess of the saddle, a superb type of womanhood, with muscles trained from outdoor life since early childhood.

She is decidedly manly in her appearance, affecting vests, collars and four-in-hands and mannish topcoats. The most striking point of her statuesque ensemble is a broad sombrero, which she wears jauntily upon a mass of hair like burnished bronze.

While in St. Louis she gave several exhibitions of her skill in the saddle and in throwing the lariat. Those who were privileged to see her as she appears upon the rolling landscape of her own broad acres went into ecstacies over the poetry of motion in her swing of the coiling lasso and the grace of her mount.

In all things Miss Wilkins proved herself very much of a woman while there, but one who was always ready and able to protect herself without a chaperon. Much has been written in the East and on the Pacific coast about her wealth, which conservative estimates place at nearly $1,000,000.

Longest Tunnel in the World.

The Simplon tunnel, beginning near the little town of Brig, in Switzerland, and ending near Isella Italy, will be 12½ miles long, and will cost $13,413,500.

Work is in progress at both ends, and the contract calls for its completion in five and a half years.

When finished the new tunnel will accomplish a saving of 43½ miles in the railway journey from Paris to Millan over the Mt. Cenis or St. Gothard tunnels.

Phoenician women, who were proud of their hair, have been ordered by the priests to offer it up on the altars dedicated to Venus after the death of Adonis, obeyed, but with murmuring. Soon they were consoled by a Greek merchant, who told them that he would give them the means of hiding their bald pates under luxuriant curls. In his chariot he had hundreds of wigs of all colors.

Celery is derived from smallage. Filberts, &c., are improvements of the hazelnut.

The Bee.

—PUBLISHED AT—

NO. 1100, "I" STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C as second-class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year	$2.00
Six months	1.00
Three months	60
City subscribers, monthly	20

APOLOGISTIC NEGROES.

It is a rare thing to find a Southern Negro with any manhood A majority of them are either trimmers or apologists. They very seldom show any discretion especially when their race is being attacked or abused. The white man knows just the class of men to put in office, ostensibly to represent the Negro race, but really to represent the white man. In another column of this paper will be read with no little surprise the answers of certain colored gentlemen relative to the slanderous remarks against the 90,000 colored people of this city. THE BEE is surprised at the statement of one gentleman because he is originally from this city and his associates have been white people as well as Negroes, but, more among the whites. Yet THE BEE should not be surprised because when people are looking for an office and old age strides them they get weak. One of the interviews goes so far as to assert that he did no believe that Mr. Wight made the remarks. This Southern apologist certainly rates more than Mr. Wight. He admits that he used the language attributed to him and it is impossible for him to give a sufficient excuse. There are times when it is important to be silent. It is golden some times. These gentlemen have our sympathy. We are convinced that their thirty five years of freedom and with the privileges they have enjoyed have not improved their condition. Men who are holding office and those who are seeking office should never attempt to represent any people.

THE ATTACK OF THE BUMS.

When blacklegs, bums and penitentiary thieves attack the editor of THE BEE and tell the public that he is not the proper man to represent respectable people, it is about time for decent people to close their mouths. When men have become so objectionable and not allowed a whiskey license, attack respectable people, what is the world coming to? *The Post* has been imposed upon. Certainly the editor of the *Post*, who is a gentleman of learning, cannot know the men he allows to enter the columns of his paper.

When blacklegs hold public meetings and indorse men for high public offices, the candidates for the offices must surely be in need of a job. President McKinley will look upon such men with suspicion.

THE MEN SELECTED.

President McKinley has made up his mind as to the men who will represent the people in the District government. THE BEE knows and it is possitive that the men have been decided on. The announcement will be made on the President's return.

ROSS AND MACFARLAND.

ThePresident has made up his mind to appoint Messrs. Ross and Macfarland. These appointments are satisfactory to The Bee. More to say next week. John B. Wight is no more.

THE BOSTON CHEMICAL CO.,

One of the most reliable firms in this country is the Boston Chemical Company of Richmond, Va. The hair preparation that is manufactured by this Company is guaranteed and if it does not prove what it states that it will do, the money is refunded.

Thousands of people have and are using the goods of this Company with entire satisfaction.

It will not hurt the public and the readers of The Bee to give this preparation a trial. Read the advertisement on the sixth page and send for the goods immedeiately Say that you read the advertisement in The Bee.

CHAS. A. LAMAR.

The death of Chas. A. Lamar which occured on last Sunday, takes from our midst a man who by his sterling integrity, push and business tact made himself a shining mark and useful figure in our midst.

He was affable and kind to all he met and those who knew him have discovered in him a public spiritedness quite remarkable.

All movements looking toward race progress, he heartily co-operated with and contributed toward. In a word he was a self-made man who measured his success by the amount of good he did for the race. We tender our profound sympathy to the bereaved family.

THE CONGRESSIONAL LYCEUM.

Among the large audience present at the Congressional Lyceum Sunday afternoon last was quite a number of representative gentlemen who came out to hear Mr. W. Calvin Chase discuss "The Absurdities and Follies of Negro Leadership". As Mr. Chase is a delegate to the Republican National Convention the reason for the great interest manifested by the "leaders" in his address is apparent. Mr Chase talked only twenty minuites, yet before he was half through several of the "leaders" were on tiptoe, and when he concluded matters were "warm" to say the least.

Lawyer J. H. Stewart, Col. Wm. Murrell, Messrs. L. C. Moore, Geo. C. Smith, L. H. Peterson, Prof. J. L. Pinn, Dr. George H. Richard on and others crossed sword and their sallies and repartees evoked much laughter and applause which reached the climax when Mr. Chase replied and paid his compliments to Lawyer Stewart and Dr. Richardson. During the discussion the audience was served with several chunks of unwritten history of Mississippi and Louisiana and some important disclosures regarding the part taken by the colored trustees in the recent school investigation and the Afro-American Council.

At the urgent and special instance of a number of prominent persons who did not hear Mr. Chase and others who were present but time would not permit to make a speech, he will read his paper number 2 on the same subject 4 p. m. May 6 next at which time he promises to give much newly discovered information of importance to the public.

The solos by Miss Marie James and Mrs. Carrie Fountain, Miss Jeannette Taylor and Miss Alice Jackson accompanying, were beautifully rendered as attested by the generous applause of the audience.

On motion of Prof. Pinn a vote of thanks was extended these distinguished artists and Prof. J. T. Layton for the part taken in the musical exercises and to Mr. Chase for his able and interesting paper.

To-morrow afternoon 3:30 o'clock Mr. George C. Smith will read a paper on the "Woman's Duty and her Influence in Moulding Society."

DO NEGROES READ NEGRO JOURNALS.

From the Atlanta Age.

When we note the unanimity with which the Negroes have resented insults to which they have been subjected by the Street Car Companies, and their employees, we may yet hope for better things.

Why not bring this unanimity into play in the support of some Negro newspaper, instead of the papers of that section of our country whose delight seems highest when they publish us to the world, as a race of brutes to human flesh? Insult after insult, false charge after false charge, come up from every town and hamlet where the Negro has an enemy; is being hurled forth to the world and in our very teeth and we have not the means to hurl it back in the face of the intruder that gave it birth. There are more than thirty-five thousand Negroes in the city of Atlanta, and not one in ten read a Negro newspaper. These things ought not to be. Here we can get an education almost for a song surrounded as we are with five of the best equipped Colleges for colored youths in the country. Beware, lest we run into Chrybdis by trying to shun Cylla. Let the Negroes of this and all other cities where the papers are daily throwing insults into their faces, do as they have in the Street Car matter; let them spend the money they would have spent on the Street Cars, in support of a paper of their own where they may be able to make and record their history in its true light and not as our enemies would have it. Pay for something that you and your children may read with pride. The greatest force at work shaping the action of the people to-day, is the press. The best results which shall now come to the Negro must come through the efforts of the press.

HE SEES A THING.

From the Dallas Express.

There is every indication just about now that Editor W. Calvin Chase is going to be the biggest Negro in the District of Columbia by July 1.

SHE WAS HONORED.

From the Atlanta Ga., Journal:

The "BLACK PATTI" Troubadours opened to the capacity of the Columbia theatre last night.

The performance was enjoyed as none but southern whites and southern negroes can enjoy a genuine negro entertainment.

It was one of the best altogether colored shows seen in Atlanta in a long time.

Every humorous hit, and pathetic point was caught like lightning. When the audience was not laughing it was appluding, and for three hours the performers held them in their seats.

Each specialty was encored and some of them several times.

When Black Patti appeared in the second act, she was given an ovation. She sang a ballad with fine effect. In response to a most enthusiastic encore she sang "Home Sweet Home" with deep feeling, perfect enunciation and real power. he took the high notes with ease, and her thrilling was remarkable. Amid deafening applause she returned and gave another ballad. All efforts to draw her out again failed.

The performance closed with the full strength of the company in operatic selections led by Black Patti.

The same bill will be given to night.

LYONS, CHEATHAM AND PINCHBACK DENOUNCED:

CHARACTERIZED AS—APOLOGISTS.

At a call meeting of the McKinley republican Club of the fifth assembly district, at its headquarters, 1144 21st., street last Monday night, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—"Whereas we have seen in The Washington Post of April 23rd, statements of certain colored men claiming to be leaders of the race in the district of Columbia, denying the statements made by Commissioner Wight, in which he classed the 90,000 colored residents of the District of Columbia as criminals, who have no regard for life; and

Whereas said statements is a part of the congressional record of the nation, which will be held as a stigma upon this people and their children when we are in our graves; therefore be it

Resolved, That we denounce any apology from any source; and

Be it further resolved, That the following committee be appointed from this district, with instructions to confer with the leading men of the several districts for the purpose of holding a conference in the interest of colored citizens of the District of Columbia.

The committee appointed consists of Robert Jones, W. H. Brown, T. N. Dickson, George Hawkins, and John Arms.

ETIQUETTE OF THE DANCE.

CUSTOMS WHICH POLITE SOCIETY APPROVES AS BEING IN GOOD FORM AND QUITE CORRECT.

When a man is presented to a young woman at a dance he usually says almost at once, "May I have the pleasure of this dance?"

After dancing and walking about the rooms two or three times the young man may take the girl back to her chaperon and plead another engagement—or better, she suggests that he take her to her place near her mother or chaperon.

The lady is the first one to intimate her desire to stop dancing.

If a man hold a girl too tightly she should drop her hand from his shoulder, so as to bring it between her partner and herself. If he does not take the hint let her stop dancing at once under some pretext so evident that he may realize her displeasure or disapproval.

A chaperon should not be lacking in personal dignity; nor should she dance while her charge it unprovided with a partner.

A girl should be attentive to her mother or her chaperon, presenting her friends to her and occasionally stopping to say a few words.

Both young men and maidens should be careful to remember that their dancing engagements must be kept.

A girl must not refuse to dance with one man under some pretext, and then with another man more than two or three times.

A young man invited to a house should dance as early as possible with the daughters of the hostess, and pay them every possible attention.—Mrs. Burton Kingsland in the May Ladies' Home Journal.

THE BEST AGE FOR MEN TO MARRY

NOT UNTIL THEY HAVE PASSED TWENTY-FIVE SHOULD THEY TAKE A WIFE.

Edward Bok, writing in the May Ladies' Home Journal, on "A Boy for a husband" contends that no young man under twenty-five years of age is in any sence competent to take unto himself a wife. Before that age he is simply a boy who has absolutely nothing which he can offer a girl as a safe foundation for life happiness. He is unformed in his character, unsettled in his ideas, absolutely ignorant of the first essentials of what considerations or love for a woman means. He dosen't know himself, let alone knowing a woman. He is full of fancies, and it is his boyish nature to flit from one fancy to another. He is incapable of affection upon which love is based, because he has not lived long enough to know what the feeling or even the word means. He is full of theories, each one of which, will fail. He is a boy, pure and simple, passing through that trying period through which every boy must pass before he becomes a man, But that period is not the marrying time. For as his opinions of life are to change, so are his fancies of the girl he esteems as the only girl in the world to make him happy. The man thirty rarely weds the girl whom he fancied when he was twenty."

REPUDIATE THE INTERVIEWS.

THREE COLORED MEN DENY STATEMENT THAT THY ARE FIGHTING—MR. WIGHT.

From the Washington Post, April 25th,

Editor Post: On Sunday, Apil 1, there appeared in a New York paper the following statement, under the caption, "Negroes Resent Insult" Represetative men like Judson Lyons, Register of thi United States Treasury; H. P. Cheatham, Recorder of Deed for the District of Columbia and former Senator P. B. S. Pinchback are going to take steps to see if it be true that the 90,000 colored citizens of the District are equal to the criminal conditions of any place.

On April 12, I addressed the following communication to the above named gentlemen:

Sir in order to put at rest a much debated question, will you kindly state if you authorized the statement that appeared in the New York Herald to the effect that "Representative men like H. P. Cheatham, recorder of deeds, Judson Lyons register of the United States Treasury, and former Senator P. B. S. Pinchoack are going to take steps to see if the 90,000 colored people are equal to the crimial conditions any place?" Also will you state your impartial opinion as to Mr. Wight's intentions? Do you think he intended to refer to the entire colored population, including our representative men, or do you think it was a mere gramatical indiscretion on his part?

The following reply was received from Mr. Pinchback:

I did not authorize the alleged statement in the Herald, which I have not seen. I am taking no part in the fight against Mr. Wight. I do not think he intended to include all the colored people in the District in his statement.

In an interview with Recorder Cheatham, he spoke as follows: I did not authorize anybody to make that statement I am not fighting Mr. Wight, and do not underst and how my name could have been drawn into the controversy."

Mr. Lyons spoke as followays:—I have not seen the statement and do no know Mr. Wight. I would not know him if he should enter my office now. The statement is unauthorized, and, moreover, I do not believe Mr. Wight made the statement. If he did, to suppose he meant all our people would be idiotic.

OLIVER F. GRAY.

A NOISY MEETING

BOB. KEYES, THE EX—SALOON KEEPER, CALLS A MEETING TO INDORSE WIGHT. DENOUNCE CHASE AND JONES AND TO APPLAUDE SAUNDERS.—THE CHASE FOLLOWERS IN CONTROL.

Bob. Keyes, an ex. saloon-keeper of Southwashington, called a Wight and Saunders meeting Monday night in Samaritain Hall, opposite Kerney's restaurant, formerly owned by Keyes, for the purpose of denouncing Messrs. Chase and Jones, and to indorse Wight and Saunders.

Keyes called the meeting to order, but to his surprise at the time, he found the Chase and Jones followers in majority. He took advantage of the situation and said that the meeting was called for his personal friends.

Out of the 65 present, 15 voted for Keyes and he being unable to control the meeting he turned it over to W H. Thomas who declared that no one should speak.

Mr. Asbury Jones, arose and said that he would like to know the purpose of the meeting. Chairman Thomas remarked that if he didn't keep quiet he would put him out of the door, or if the sergeant-at-Arms, didn't, he would. Mr. Jones gave him to understand, that it would take fifty such Thomas' and as many sergeants at arms to aid him.

W. C. Cox got the floor and attempted to denounce Chase and Jones, but when he was reminded what happened to him some time ago by Messrs W. H. Brown, Evens and Jones he took his seat. R. T. Bolden offered a resolution denouncing Chase and Jones, but, when reminded 'that horses never run away when they are tied,' the chairman threatened to call in the officer. Mr. Jones told the chairman, he had enough in the house to fill ten patrol wagons and if he didn't believe it, he should invite the officers in.

The resolution offerd by Bolden was declared adopted by a vote of 15 in its favor to 50 against it.

At this juncture Mr. Richard Evans gave three cheers for Chase and Jones which was kept up for two minutes.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—HOWARD UNIVERSITY

Commencement exercises of the Medical, Dental and Pharmaceutic Colleges will be held in the First Congregational Church, Tuesday, May 8, 1900, at 8 o'clock p. m. The Profession and public are most cordially invited to be present.

The "Gay Hart Stag Club," one of the best known social organizations of West Washington, gave their annual ball and reception on last Monday evening at Odd Fellows' Hall M St., between 16th, and 17th, Streets, n. w.

Music was furnished by Hoffman's orchestra, and refreshments were served by Mr. Jesse Koonce of the Delmo—Koonce Cafe.

There were about five hundred persons present, among whom were many prominent both in, Washington and West Washington society.

The Club is composed of the following named:—Messrs., J. Lorenzo Chase, President; J. W. Smith, Vice president; J. E. Hall, Financial Secretary; Sheppard Gray, Recording Secretary; John J. Smith, Treasurer; Emmett Parker, Sergeant-at-Arms; W. Edward Morris, Chairman of the Committee of arrangements, J. W. Williams, Julius A. Wheeler, W. H. Parker, and J. E. Carter.

NO OPENING.

Country Doctors Should Keep Away From New York.

Dr. Shrady, one of the famous New York physicians, evidently thinks the successful country doctor should not go to New York, judging from his advice on this subject in Success:

"The medical profession is one of the very hardest in which to get a foothold in New York. It is rare that an out-of-town doctor succeeds in establishing himself here. I have seen some most tragic failures. A few years ago a celebrated doctor from a New England town got a place on the staff of one of the city colleges to lecture on a small stipend. He brought his family to the city, and his wife soon became very popular in society, but he could get no practice. He got deeper and deeper into debt, and one day he committed suicide. Soon after, a popular physician from a New Jersey town came into my office, and said he had a notion to come to the city and cast his lot in with the rest of us. He had seen a vacant house on Madison avenue, and thought he could buy it for $30,000. I told him it would cost him $100,000. I also told him about the tragedy mentioned above and others. He did not come.

"No; a country doctor can do nothing in New York. The conditions are altogether different. There everybody knows him, knows his horse and trap, and they see him every day. There he is a standing advertisement. Here the only place he can put his name is on the window or on the door, and it might stay there till doomsday and no one ever know anything about him. But, if he comes here at first, and is willing to work and wait, he stands a chance. If he has not enough money, however, to pay his expenses for the first five years, there is danger that he will drift into quackery, the patent nostrum business, or criminal practice; and once there, the odds are against his ever becoming a reputable physician.

I can think of no condition in our life more discouraging than that of a doctor in a great city without money, without friends, with nothing to show for himself but his sign on his door and his sheepskin on his office wall."

AMERICAN MACARONI.

The Industry May be Supplied Soon By Wheat From Texas.

The Bureau of Foreign Commerce has received a letter from Mr. James B. Simpson, of Dallas, Texas, in regard to the wheat which was sent to France to be tested as to its fitness for use in the manufacture of macaroni and similar edible pastes. Mr. Simpson says in part:

"It has been demonstrated beyond question that all Northern Texas is perfectly adapted to the growth of the hard, glutinous wheats now in such great demand in France and Italy. The grain I transmitted through your kindness to Consul Covert, of Lyons, upon analysis shows the value of this hard wheat to Texas. With the port of Galveston now open, giving us easy access to Marseilles, this wheat is calculated to revolutionize production here.

"But the difficulty lies in this: Our farmers here, through negligence, have mixed the hard and the starchy wheats, and we find it almost impossible to obtain the pure hard grain. I did the best I could in sending Consul Covert the two bushels for analysis, and in sending five bushels at your request to the Paris Exposition, but all had some grains of soft wheat in it. If the farmers here could obtain the Taganrog hard wheat for seed it would be but a few years before Texas would control the French and Italian markets in this hard wheat."

Poor English Telephone Service.

In the matter of telephones England is probably worse served than any civilized country in the world. Switzerland and Sweden can give her points. A telephone monopoly was created, which has worked badly. Quarrels of all kinds with the local authorities have arisen as the wayleaves. I know a factory, six miles from the Marble Arch, which has, owing to this cause, been vainly applying for the telephone. The other day I wished to send a message to a friend in a very busy little town fifteen miles from London. The place did not appear in the telephone directory. Yet in Sweden or Switzerland the smallest village is on the telephone. As for the prices charged by the company, they are extortionate. Parliament has considered the situation, but as party government is mainly concerned with making laws which are not wanted and neglecting all that conduces to real progress, no adequate measures have been taken to right the system.—National Review.

A Sovereign Balm.

Sleep is a sovereign balm for those who suffer from weak eyes. It is advisable to retire early and avoid the painful evening lights. Ten hours' sleep for delicate eyes is better than eight. Never read when lying down. Many a tedious case of weak sight has been traced to the pernicious habit of reading in bed after retiring for the night. Any middle-aged person, a good authority tells us, can look back to the days when near sight and weak sight among boys and girls were quite rare. It was not the fashion then to teach little children everything, including drawing, music, and all the languages except English. Nor was it then supposed that a sufficient amount of bodily exercise would neutralize the effect of an excessive amount of brain work.

Danger Flag.

"Cawn't imagine why the boss gets so furious when I wear a red vest," drawled the young man who chalks market quotations on a blackboard.

"You san't Eddie?" responded the clerk from upstairs. "Well, you are slow. Don't you know bulls can't bear red. Work for a bear and wear anything you like."—Chicago News.

In one case $266,000 has been saved owing to the establishment of wireless telegraphy between the East Goodwin lightship and the South Foreland.

HANDSHAKING.

Custom That Dates Back to the Beginning of Time.

"It is said by ancient astrologers that shaking hands is a scientific custom which dates back to the beginning of time. There is all the difference in the world between the various modes of shaking the hand of stranger or friend as to the resulting impression obtained by and through that operation, consciously or unconsciously," said a society woman at a select afternnon tea. "I claim that the result depends upon the proper position taken by the two hands clasped, although a mere touch will tell much. We shake hands in order to form a connection between us which will result in the exchange of planetary vibrations which notify us whether we have met a friend or foe. Few people go into such an exact scientific analysis of the reasons, but perhaps think that they do it because other people do it; that it is the custom of the country, or because the person met offers the hand. It remains an indisputable fact, however, that we form likes and dislikes upon touching the hands of strangers, and that friendships or dislikes often start at that point whether we realize it or not. The exchange of impression is strong at the moment of contact of the palm. It makes us unhappy to touch some people, and we will not if we can help it.

"The most effective handshake is not the close clasp in all cases, but varies according to the sizes and shapes of the two hands which clasp each other. However they may meet, there is one spot which is the magnetic centre of the enitre being—the mount of the sun, speaking from the standpoint of palmstry—which has the most direct nerve contact with the brain and also most direct blood connection with the heart, and is, therefore called the ring finger—with the magnetic pole at its base.

"The physical and mental strength are there united in the strongest magnetic centre of the body. If the two hands thus clasped are placed with magnetic centres in close contact, no matter where the rest of the palm may be, I insist that there is a strong magnetic current established between these two people.

"It may be intensified in effect if the mounts at the bases of the other fingers also be brought into as close contact with each other, thus bringing the minor magnetic poles also together. Then if the third, or ring finger, curls around the mount of Venus—astrologically situated at the base of the little finger, above the heart line, and traversed by the marriage line or lines—and the thumb extends across the back of each friend's hand to the knuckle at the base of the 'ring finger,' clasping those chief magnetic poles the more closely, the law of magnetics is carried out to complete perfection, the effects are more pronounced, and we enjoy the pleasurable interchange of vibrations, whether we know the 'whys and wherefores' or not."

"DOCTORED" CIGARS.

Pointers on the Manipulation of the Fragment Weed.

"Because cigarettes are said to contain an admixture of certain drugs which are believed to be deleterious to health," said a western dealer in tobacco, "many benevolent ladies and well-intending gentlemen, the latter, in all probability, having never cut open, much less smoked, a cigar in their lives, think that the small roll of leaf so dear to the heart and purses of other men is loaded with all sorts of inflammable and dangerous materials.

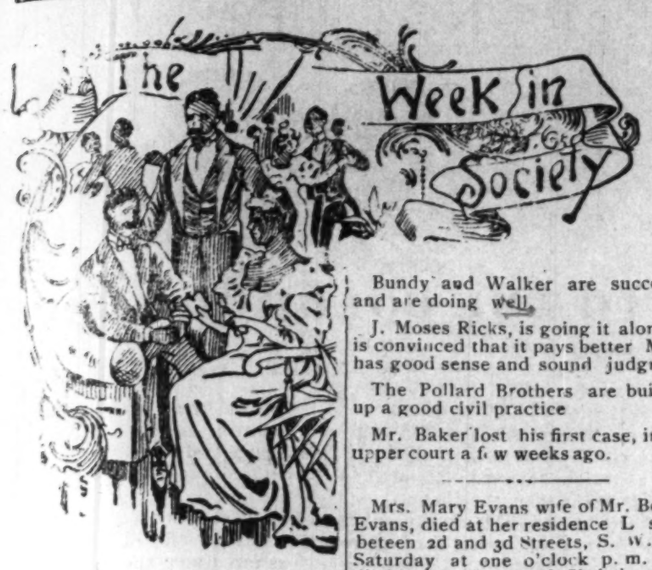
"As a matter of actual fact, cigars are, as a rule, made of pure, good tobacco, free from any 'doctoring' processes or manipulations which add to the already sufficient poisonous qualities of the active principle of tobacco—nicotine. There is enough of the narcotic in that element.

"The so-called 'doctoring' is largely a matter of popular fiction The real leaf of the tobacco is too cheap to attempt to palm off a smoking substitute. The poorer grades of the weed are rank enough without adulteration. The cigars put on the market nowadays are vastly superior to those smoked by men some years ago, and especially is this true of the domestic leaf, which, by improved cultivation and quality of the seed, and advanced methods of curing packing and handling has undergone a change in keeping with the times. Beyond a slight sprinkling of innocuous flavoring extract, to enhance the aroma, as perfume on a handkerchief, cigars of today, are 'straight goods.' More than ever do men call for a certain brand even in the cheaper and nickel grades, and it is oftimes difficult to get them to adapt a new one which we wish to introduce to the trade.

"Several brands of nickel cigars are made from the clippings of a higher priced cigar. There are as many grades of tobacco as of woolen goods, some men don't know this. Some men don't know the difference between a Connecticut and a Havana cigar, and never will. In fact, the ignorance of some men about tobacco is conceived of only by those who deal in it. They are worse than some women buying dry goods—some men; not all. These men are great bores, as other men of observing bent of mind must notice, when the first kind are explaining to us what they think they know about tobacco when made in the form of a cigar.—Washington Star.

Stubb—Which do you think is of the most importance—brain or bone and sinew?

Penn—Well, it depends on who you are. If you are an inventor, brain. If you are a butcher, bone and sinew.



EARL'S ETCHINGS.

The address of Prof. Nelson E. Weatherless before the Senate Committee a few days ago was forcible and pointed. In a clear and careful manner he set forth the wishes of 90,000 local citizens protesting against the new public school bill becoming a law; especially that part referring to the abolishment of the office of the colored Superintendent. Mr Weatherless in choice and modest words paid an eloquent tribute to the course and progress of our schools, under the unwavering guidance of our present Superintendent, Mr. George F. T. Cook.

The Grand Star Concert, which will take place at the Metropolitan Church on May the fourth will undoubtedly be a pleasant affair.

The newest venture into the journalistic field is the publication of a monthly paper by four young men of the Normal School. It is a spicy eight page organ and contains topics of varied interest. Messrs. Guy, Martin, Davis and Ellis are the editors.

Miss Annie Smith of this city has returned to Boston to resume her studies in music and elocution at the Conservatory of Music.

The final Assembly took place at Oddfellows Hall Friday evening of last week. The sight was most imposing and depicted the prettiest social function of the season.

Dr. Lucy Moten, Principal of the Normal School, visited Atlantic City during the holidays.

There will be fully 3,000 clerks appointed in the Census Office between now and August.

Miss Eva Bell is quite an accomplished artist in vocal and instrumental music. Her singing before the Second Baptist Lyceum Sunday before last won wide spread attention.

Mr. Thomas L. Jones, our eminent young jourist, spoke at length before the young people's Union, First Baptist Church, Alexandria, last Sunday.

Miss Ella Truman, a model teacher is critically ill.

Miss Mabel Grant of Boston was the guest of Miss Louise Smallwood Easter.

Mr. Richard Hughes is able to resume his duties at his desk in the office of Campbell Carrington.

Mr. Sidney Woodard, the world's greatest tenor, will appear before the Washington public early in May.

Miss Mattie Smallwood is a clerk in the BEE office.

W. CALVIN CHASE, INVITED TO VIRGINIA.

The political and social friends of Mr. W. Calvin Chase, have sent him an invitation to visit Alexandria, Va., May 5 and partake of a grand banquet to be given in his honor. Guests will be invited from Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk and Virginians residing in Washington.

COLUMBIA AND JAMAICA WED.

One of the most fashionable weddings of the season was solemnized at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Fletcher, 1213 Linden street northeast, Tuesday evening. The bride was tastefully gowned in a cream colored Albatross, beautifully trimmed with white satin and tule. The contracting parties were Miss Bessie Louise Fletcher and Rev. Henry Lopez Webster, of Montego Bay, Jamaica, B. W. I.

Rev. Walter Brooks officiated assisted by Rev. W. J. Howard. The bride was well known to Washington society and for four years was a teacher in the public schools of this city. Rev. Webster has charge of the First Baptist Church at his native home and is also treasurer of a well known bank.

Rev. and Mrs. Webster left for Jamaica 8:30 Wednesday morning.

Mr. B. L. E. Hall and family left Saturday for Atlantic City where they are comfortably situated at the Clinton Cottage.

Mr. H. C. C. Astwood, Editor of the "Defender" was in the city this week.

THE COLORED ATTORNEYS.

King and Hughes are in harmony and having a good civil practice.

Bundy and Walker are successful and are doing well.

J. Moses Ricks, is going it alone, he is convinced that it pays better Moses has good sense and sound judgment.

The Pollard Brothers are building up a good civil practice

Mr. Baker lost his first case, in the upper court a few weeks ago.

Mrs. Mary Evans wife of Mr. Bolden Evans, died at her residence L street beteen 2d and 3d Streets, S. W., last Saturday at one o'clock p. m. She died in full triumph of Christian faith. Considering her long illness, she bore her affliction with patience and Christian fortitude. She was a true and devoted wife. None knew her other than to love her. So the pain of death has passed, labor and sorrow has ceased.

The deceased was born in this city and was married in Richmond, Va., thirty five years ago to Mr. Bolden Evans a well known citizen of this city.

She was also a member of Marritter Lodge No 1 B. S. D. of A., for a number of years.

The Rising Sons of Odd Fellows No. 1,365 also extend their sympathy.

Charles A. Lamer, who was so well known in this city, in business circles, died last Sunday the 22nd, inst., after an illness of two months. He was buried from Plymouth Congregational Church Wednesday at three o'clock.

Rev. A. C. Garner officiated, assisted by Rev. W. J. Howard, of Zion Baptist Church. There was a large circle of personal friends of Mr. Lamar's in attendance. Rev. Garner paid a very high tribute to the personal and business trates of the deceased He leaves an only daughter.

A BRILLIANT WEDDING.

On Wednesday evening Mr. Chas. H. Jones and Miss Mamie E. Ware were married at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. George P. Taylor. At 7:30, Prof. John Lemos played artistically a wedding march, while the bridal party entered the spacious and beautiful decorated parlors. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor in the lead followed by little Miss Laura May Taylor and Master Harry Ware, Mr. Jones and his bride being in the rear. The bride wore a white taffeta gown over which was draped white liberty silk trimmed with pearl passamenterie. The modest train together with the veil and orange blossoms made a very pretty costume.

The bride carried a white bible, while litle Miss Taylor carried a large bunch of bridal roses. Mr. and Mrs. Jones received about three hundred friends among whom were the best people of Washington.

The presents were very numerous, costly and useful. Among them are ninty-five peices of silver, three sets of dishes, a dining room suit, five marseilles spreads, dozens of towels and napkins, several table cloths, satin comforter, three ice cream sets, three handsome clocks. two sets of after dinner cups and saucers, chocolate set, four chocolate pots, cherry taberette, one parlor table, one clothes hamper, two trash baskets, four cut glass berry dishes, and besides numerous other articles including a writing desk, a gold and onyx center piece, several vaces, two cakes, made by Miss are's classes, a purse, slippers, a pearl necklace, three boxes of handkerchiefs, two mirrors, spatchel shams, bureau scarfs four lace curtains, and an envelope containing five dollars, two candle sticks, four bisque images, two Japanise tea pots, four pictures, a box of silk hose, two ottomans, one parlor lamp, a bureau set, two pin cushions, sofa pillow, three paintings, four pictures, silk scarf, applique neck tie two red glass pieces, a basket of chickens, and other useful things. Mr. and Mrs. Jones left for their future home Friday afternoon. THE BEE wishe. them success and happiness.

AMERICAN MARKET,

LEONARD BROTHERS,

Cor. 4th & N Streets, Northwest,

Green and Smoked Sausage, to sell at the exceeding low figure of 8¼c per lb., so come early and you won't be left.

Best Elgin Butter, 30c per pound.
Pure Butchers' Lard, 7¾ per pound.
Fresh Liver at 6½ Cents a pound.

A Full Line of Mince Meat, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Nuts, Candies, Cocoanut, & Jelly

C. M. BELL,

NATIONAL PHOTO-GRAPHER,

* * * * * * * * *

BISHOPS PHOTOGRAPHS FOR SALE

463-465 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEADLY RATTLESNAKES.

A Man Who Had His Curiosity Satisfied for all Time.

"I have seen a good many rattlesnakes in my time," says Jud Bristol, a veteran ranchman of Larimer county, Colorado, "but never saw one strike but once, and that was enough to satisfy my curiosity for all time. I had a big one cornered one day at my ranch at the Box Elder and innocently thought I would have a little fun with it. So I got a willow pole about ten feet long and began teasing it. The reptile was coiled, with head erect, and rattling for all that was out, as if to give fair warning to not monkey with the band wagon. But I took no notice of it and kept on prodding.

"Suddenly, like a flash of lightning, that snake darted at me with all its strength, and it did seem that he would strike and bore a hole plumb through me. I was simply paralyzed with fear, but, recovering myself, top of my speed, and did not stop dropped the pole and ran away at the until I had got to the house, though there was no more danger of the snake following and overtaking me than there was of that willow pole, but I was just that scared, and did not get over the fright for a long time. As a matter of fact, the snake merely measured its length, about four feet, and was not nearer to me than six feet when I dropped the pole and ran.

"I had a sheep herder one time who thought he would try a similar experiment, though the snake he tackled was a much smaller one. He began teasing it with a stalk of weed, when the snake struck and bit him on the finger. He let that snake alone mighty sudden and ran for the house as fast as his legs would carry him. I had nothing in the way of an antidote except a half a pint of alcohol. This I gave to the man and he drank it off at one draught, and then we started post-haste for town after some whiskey. Well, I bought a pint of whiskey and the fellow drank it off as if it had been the weakest kind of water. In about half an hour the man was blind drunk, and went on a long booze. That was the last of the snake bite, and, I believe, as I live, that the fellow enjoyed the whole transaction.

"Then there was young Jake Armstrong, who had a ranch not far from mine. He is minus the larger part of the forefinger of his left hand. One day he was out building barbed wire fence and chased a jack rabbit into a prairie dog hole. In his right hand he carried a hatchet. With the left hand he reached into the hole for the rabbit, but he took it out again mighty sudden with a rattlesnake bite on the forefinger. The snake had struck him on the very tip of the finger. Well, Jack thought for a moment, ran to the first post at hand, laid the wounded finger upon it and chopped it off with a single blow. Then he wrapped a handkerchief around it and started for town, where he proceeded to get glorious. Well, between the hatchet and the whiskey Jack was cured, but he has never hunted for jack rabbits in prairie dog holes since, and carries a stump of a finger as a constant reminder of his little adventure."

THEIR QUEUES.

Chinamen Were Made to Wear Them In the First Place.

The following gives the origin of the queue: The early Chinese allowed the hair to grow all over the head. They did not cut it, but wore it bound upon the top of the head, secured by one or more long wooden pins. In 1627 however, the Manchus issued an order that all Chinese under them should adopt their style of hair dressing as a sign of faithfulness, on penalty of death. The fashion thus begun by compulsion is now followed from choice. As no man can safely undertake to shave the top of his own head, a barber is required daily. Those who cannot afford to have one come to the house go into the street and sit on the box of the strolling barber to have face and head shaved, ears cleaned, eyes swabbed out and queue braided.

Whiskers are seldom worn, except by some of the mandarins of high rank, even by the very few who can raise them. A mustache is not considered proper for a man under forty.

Warship Built by Actors.

German actors have determined to aid Emperor William in building up a navy. The idea occurred some time ago to Herr Moritz Hoefler, manager of the Schloss Braunfels Theatre, in Berlin, that it would be an excellent idea to have the actors and theatrical managers of Germany unite in building a warship, and he at once wrote an appeal to the leading members of that profession, in which he suggested that arrangements be made to give special performances in all the theatres, and that the money obtained therefrom be spent in building a man-of-war of the best posible type. He maintained that such a gift to the government would be a splendid evidence of patriotism, and that there was no reason why the money should not be collected within a short time.

What's in a Name?

There is more truth than poetry in the following: Call a girl a chick and she smiles; call a woman a hen and she howls. Call a young woman a of any class a witch and she is pleased; call an old woman a witch and she is indignant. Call a girl a kitten and she rather likes it; call a woman a cat and she hates you. Women are queer. If you call a man a gay dog it will flatter him; call him a pup, a hound or a cur and he will try to alter the map of your face. He don't mind being called a bull or a bear, yet he will object to being mentioned as a calf or a cub. Men are queer, too.—St. Paul Globe.

From Kentucky.

"Before you go in, sir, you will have to leave your weapons with me," said St. Peter, in his firm yet courteous tones.

"In that case, sah," said the cunnel, with equal firmness and equal courtesy, "I shall be obliged to decline your proffered hospitality, sah. Good day, sah."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

MYSTERIES OF THE MOON.

Observations by Prof. Pickering of Harvard University.

In a broad, flat expanse on the moon's northern hemisphere, known to astronomers as the Mare Serenitatis, there is a whitish spot, some four or five miles in diameter, to which the name of Linne has been given. It has been assiduously watched for many years, because about 1866 something occurred which caused a wonderful change in its appearance. Before it looked like a crater, but little elevated above the plain, and its throat filled with black shadow. Suddenly, instead of a crater, it appeared as a white spot. Later on a dark centre showed in the spot, as if the missing crater had a covering. But no further changes occurred, and as more than thirty years have since passed without any alteration in the aspect of the Linne, some astronomers have begun to question whether the observers of a quarter of a century ago did not make a mistake.

Now Prof. Pickering rescues Linne's reputation as a genuine marvel, but at the same time increases the mystery. Watching it during the eclipse, when the shadow of the earth passed like a cooling cloud across the face of the moon, he found by careful measurements that the size of the white spot surrounding Linne increased while buried in the shadow, the amount of the expansion in the diameter of the spot being about one-sixth of a mile. As the eclipse passed off it began to contract again.

But this is not all. Measurements of the enigmatical spot made when there was no eclipse showed that it undergoes a similar but more extensive fluctuation in consequence of the variation in the intensity of the sunlight falling upon it in the course of the lunar day. A day upon the moon is equal to about fourteen of our days; that is to say, nearly two weeks elapse between sunrise and sunset at any point on the face of the moon. Measurements of Linne made two days after the sun had risen upon it give it a diameter of nearly five miles. Measured after it had been exposed eight days to the unclouded sun, its diameter is less than two miles and a half. During the long lunar afternoon, as the sun gradually sinks and the fierceness of its heat becomes a little tempered, Linne begins to increase again in diameter, and when the sun gets near the horizon the wonderful spot is seen to have almost regained the magnitude that it had just after emerging from the lunar night.

These changes suggest frost spreading in the shadow and receding in the sunshine, or a cloud alternately growing and contracting under similar influences. The fact discovered by Prof. Pickering that even the shadow of the earth falling for a short time upon the spot causes it to expand to a measurable degree shows how sensitive it is to alterations of temperature.

But frost or a cloud upon the moon presupposes an atmosphere and vapors there. They certainly must be widely different from such things upon the earth, but if they are abundant enough to cause motions and changes visible to our eyes, their presence may possibly indicate the existence of yet more interesting things in the lunar world.—Boston Journal.

THIS CENTURY.

It Has the Largest Number of Great Men Living at Once.

It is certain that there is no period to rival the first years of the nineteenth century in its numbers of great men; no period even to compare with it except the fifth century before the Christian era. In the year 1821, the year in which Napoleon died, the following were alive: In literature, Bryon, Shelley, Keats, Coleridge, De Quincey, Wordsworth, Lamb, Landor, Tennyson, the three Brontes, Victor Hugo, Heine, Goethe, Holmes, Dickens, Thackeray, Clough and Blake. Among soldiers were living the Duke of Wellington, Napoleon and Moltke, besides a number of great generals who had either seen the Napoleonic wars or were to see the Crimea and the Indian Mutiny. Among philosophers and men of science were Hegel, Darwin, the two Herschels, Owen, Cuvier, Daguerre, Wheatstone, Faraday and Simpson. The painters included Wilkie, Landseer, Turner and Meissonier. Mendelssohn, Beethoven and Wagner represented music. Lesseps, Brunel, the two Stephensons, represented engineering. Among statesmen or orators were Gladstone, Bright, Bismarck, Russell, Cavour, Garibaldi, Abraham Lincoln, Thiers and Victor Emmanuel. Among historians were Grote, Niebuhr, Mommsen and Guizot; and of a countless host of men who were famous in other directions were Sir Richard Burton, Speke, Le Verrier, Rowland Hill, Cornelius Vanderbilt, John Watter, Wilberforce and Macauley.

Yielded to the Tempter.

"Twenty years ago," said the man in the tweed suit, "I knew that gentleman who alighted at the last station. He was a man of rare promise, a graduate of college, of brilliant intellect, and shrewd mercantile ability. Life dawned before him in all the glowing colors of fair promise. He inherited money and invested it in a business which prospered. He married a beautiful girl who bore him three charming children. But in an evil hour the young man yielded to the tempter. He began to drink beer. He liked it, continued drinking it, and encouraged others to drink. That was only ten years ago, and he was a prosperous, wealthy man. To-day, what is he?"

He paused, when a clergyman in the carriage, who had listened attentively, said, sadly: "A sot, perhaps a beggar?"

"Quite wrong, sir," replied the man in the tweeds. "He is a Member of Parliament, and partner in a brewery, worth half a million of money."—Ally Sloper.

They Never Will be Missed.

"Do you know," said the man with the green overcoat, "that police statistics show a total of 20,000 persons who are reported missing every year?" "I'll bet more than half of them aren't missed at all; they only think they are," responded the pessimistic man.—Stray Stories.

PARKER, BRIDGET & CO.

Men's Clothing with Character

There is much carelessness in the making of clothing; so much hurry work by the men who are paid a certain price for each piece, that needles and fingers must skip quickly along to make the pay big enough for a fair livelihood. Thus the genesis of cheap clothing, smooth-pressed by a heavy hot iron—but soon to become shabby and out of shape.

Men not acquainted with our clothing will likely be surprised by the garments they find here. The methods employed in the making of the Parker-Bridget clothing are modern, and of high class; thus betterness is seen in every garment in this clothing store.

Best workmanship, thoroughly tested pure-wool fabrics and fairest prices are the foundation of this clothing business. The spring showing is excellently ready. Handsome, well-constructed garments for men and boys. The possibilities that our vast buying gives are hinted at in the descriptive lists that follow:

Men's Suits.

AT $12. Suits of all-wool Serges or Cheviots, in Black and Blue, also a score or more of fancy patterns in Cheviots, Cassimeres, &c. Mostly single-breasted Sack Coats with single or double-breasted vests.

AT $15. Sack Suits of Worsteds, Cassimeres, and Cheviots, in Checks, Plaids, Mixtures, and stripes; also Black and Blue Serges and Cheviots; and the new green and gray plain cheviots, which are the swell things of the season.

Other suits at $18, $20, $25, and so forth.

Splendid Cutaway Coats and vests of Black unfinished Worsted Vienna, Diagonal, and Cheviot cloths at $12, $15, $18, and up.

Nobby Prince Alberts at $15, $20, $25, &c.

Boys' Clothing

So much of novelty and prettiness is here for the boys who wear Knee Trousers. Never so great a variety before; never quite so handsomely made.

Of course, many of the garments are in styles exclusively our own.

Double-breasted suits

At $5. The "Parker-Bridget" Special Suits, in Fancy Cheviots and Cassimeres; also Blue and Black Cheviots, and Serges of sturdy quality. All seams are double sewed with silk thread; serviceable, dressy.

And there are all-wool suits at $3.50 and better sorts at $6 to $10. All in sizes 7 to 16 years. Every other style that the season calls for will also here be found, and in every instance prices are exactly right.

Youth's Suits.

Handsomly made Suits for the young men of 14 to 19 years.

AT $8.50 AND $10—Suits of All-wool Cassimeres and Cheviots, in neat Checks, Mixtures, and Plaids.

AT $12.50 AND $15—Suits of finer grades of Cassimeres and Cheviots, also plain blues and black, also swell worsted checks and stripes.

PARKER, BRIDGET & Co.,
Head-to-foot Outfitters, Pa. & 9th st.

"HECHT'S GREATER STORE"

513-515 Seventh street.

It is easy enough to figure out the cause of the maraculous growth of this Store, Such methods as are characteristic of this store must win—have won—trade. No other store in the world is as liberal—is more honest and straightforward. When a purchase is unsatisfactory it is made satisfactory or money returned. When you want wearables for yourself or family or household necessities and haven't the ready money Hechts will come to your rescue with their system of "charging," purchases which is a most splendid accomidation. Terms are made to suit the buyer in every instance and as long as you continue to pay your bills promptly;

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

Hecht & company
513-515, Seventh St.

A

ARE TREAT.
AN EVENING
Of Choice Music
STAR CONCRT
AT
METROPOLITAN A. M. E CHURCH,
M ST. BET. 15TH & 16TH NW,
Friday, May 4, 1900, at 8 P. M.

MR. SIDNEY WOODWARD, of Boston, Mass., the noted Tenor, will make his First Appearance after a successful tour through the principal cities of Europe and British Isles.

PROF. JOHN T. LAYTON, the well known Basso, will appear on this occasion.

MISS LOLA JOHNSON, formerly of Chicago, now of this city, an exquisite Soprano.

MR. JOSEPH DOUGLASS, the popular Violinist, assisted by the famous Metropolitan A. M. E. Choir and other Local Talent.

Come early to avoid the rush. No reserved seats.
Tickets may be procured from the manager, Prof. J. T Layton, 1722 10th St. N. W., or from his Agents or the members of the Metropolital A. M. E. chori. Tickets . . . 25 cents.

The Medical Faculty extends a cordial invition to the general public and all graduates of the college, to attend the Hood Memorial exercises, to be held in the Andrew Rankin Chapel of Howard University on Sunday May 6. at 4 o'clock p. m. Addresses will be made by President Rankin, Professors, Purvis, Reyburn, Graham and Lamb.

THE COAST LINE TO MACKINAC
TAKE THE
D & C
TO CLEVELAND MACKINAC.
New Steel Passenger Steamer
The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Marine construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service insuring the highest degree of
COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY.
FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN
Toledo, Detroit & Mackinac
PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE, AND DULUTH.
LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and return, including Meals and Berths. From Cleveland, $18; from Toledo, $15; from Detroit $13.50.
EVERY EVENING
Between Detroit and Cleveland
Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.
Sunday Trips June, July, August and September Only
EVERY DAY BETWEEN
Cleveland, Put-in-Bay & Toledo
Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address
A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH
The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co

PATENT,
[illegible] FLOUR OF ANNEALED
UNSURPASSED FOR BREAD, BISCUIT AND PASTRY.
G. A. [illegible]
MFG. CO.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

UNDERTAKER

J. H Dabney,
Funeral Director

Hiring, Livery and Sale Stables' carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfation guaranteed. Having purchased lot No. 1132 3rd st. n. w. and built a new brick structure with all modern improvements, my friends and the public are hereby notified, that I have moved from my old place of business 441 I. street, n. w, to my new and commodious structure, 1132 3rd St. n. w., where we are prepared to give better satisfaction.

Our Stables, In Freeman's Alley

Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing first-class work.

Our New Building,
1132 3rd St. n. w.

J. H. DABNEY,
Proprietor.

TELEPHONE CALL 838.

R. F. HARVEY'S SONS

Undertakers.

892 and Ave N. w.

E. H. MORSELL
Sheaves of Wheat
and
Funeral Designs,

105 Seventh street, n. w.
Washington, D. C.

M. F MORAN

Wholesale and Retail Dealer In
Imported Brown Stout, Ale,
Domestic Wines, Liquors,
Cigars, &c.

3011 M Street, - Georgetown, D C

THE MOST RELIABLE DENTIST IN THE CITY

PAINLESS EXTRACTION. OLD AND NEW STYLE PROCESS USED ONLY BY THIS FIRM.

Dr M. F. GROSHON, Manager.
1529 14th Street, N. W.

Your Face

Will be wreathed with a most engaging smile, after you invest in a

White Sewing Machine

EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW

PINCH TENSION,
TENSION INDICATOR
—AND—
AUTOMATIC TENSION RELEASER,

the most complete and useful devices ever added to any sewing machine.

The WHITE is

Durably and Handsomely Built,
Of Fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment,
Sews ALL Sewable Articles,

And will serve and please you up to the full limit of your expectations.

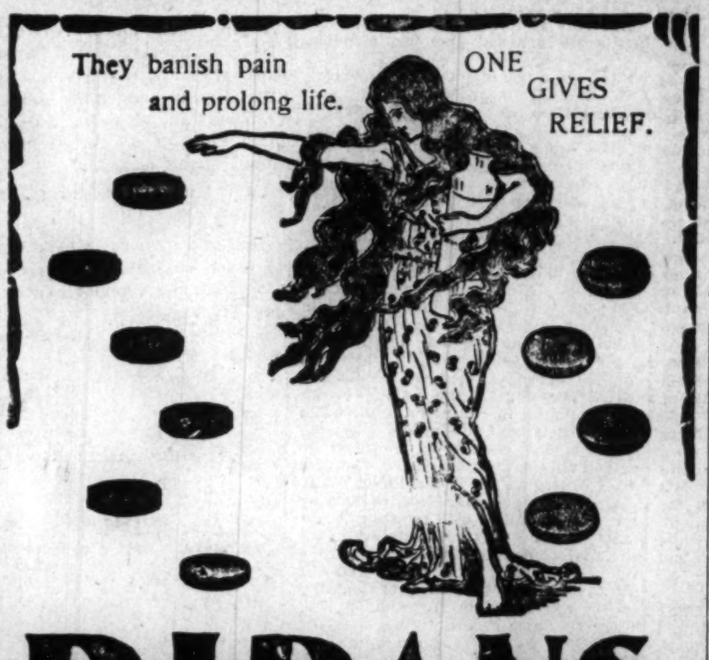
ACTIVE DEALERS WANTED in unoccupied territory. Liberal terms. Address,

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
CLEVELAND, O.

L. C. Morison

DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic Fruits & Produce
Stall 71 O street Market

CHARLES KRAEMER,
Dealer in **WINES & LIQUORS,**
735 seventh street northwest



R-I-P-A-N-S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style packet containing THE RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

Dealer In Choice
Wines, Liquors,
CIGARS and TOBACCO.
326 G Street Southwest.

PATRICK MURPHY
Saloon,
509 NINTH STREET, N. W.
Washington, D C

Wm. Muehleisen
IMPORTOR and
Wholesale Liquor Dealer,
Established 1870.
and 918 FIFTH STREET N. W

JOHN CURTIN,
Pure Wines and Liquors.
PORTER AND ALE ON DRAFT
Ice Cold Maerzen Beer . .
. . Drawn From the Wood.
3258 M Street Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C

C. L. Sullivan,
Harness and Collar Manufacturer,
STABLE SUPPLIES.
[illegible] Street northwest.
Repairing Called for and Delivered.

G.F.Fogle,
** Restaurant. Choice Wines,
** Liquors and Cigars.
208 Seventh Street Southwest,
Washington, D. C.

D. Sanon,
Dealer In
Rye Whiskies, Wines, Gins, Brandies and Rum.
N. W. Cor. Dela. Ave. & M St. S. W.

CAPITAL SAVINGS BANK
609 F St. N. W. Washington, D. C.
Capital - $50,000

HON. JNO. L. LYNCH, PRESIDENT
H. P. MNTGOMERY, V-PRES.;
JAMES TORUM, SEC'Y;
L. C. BALEY, TREASURER;
D. B. McCARY, CASHIER;

DIRECTORS:

Jno. R. Lynch,	L. C. Bailey,
W. McKinly,	W. S. Lofton
R. H. Terrell,	James Storum,
Wyat Archer,	Jno. A. Pierr
J. A. Lewis,	A. W. Tap
H. E. Baker, H. P.	Montgom
W. S. Montgomery,	J. A. Jo

Deposits received from 10 cents upward Interest allowed on $5.00 and above. Treasurers of churches, associations, and other organizations can deposit funds with this Bank and Receive Interest. The money is subject to check Without Notice. We shall be glad to have you open an account. BANK OPEN FROM 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

LIQUID AIR.

Experiments in Cartridges So Far Unsatisfactory.

Ever since it was demonstrated that liquid air could be readily produced on a commercial scale it has been hoped and expected that one of the principal uses to which it would be applied would be that of an explosive material for blasting purposes particularly in mines, where the new explosive would have the important advantages of safety in handling and of not vitiating the air, like gunpowder or dynamite, by the gases of ignition.

Some months ago a report announced that liquid air had been formally adopted for blasting purposes in the government coal mines in Germany, says Consul General Mason, of Berlin, in a report to the State Department but inquiry proved that this announcement was at least premature.

Among the most systematic and interesting practical experiments this far made in this direction has been the series of tests lately undertaken by the Vienna Crystal Palace Ice Company in the presence of experts from the Austrian technical committee for the War Department. The liquid air used in these tests was obtained from the Linde Company at Munich, and shipped to Vienna in open flasks, provided with the Dewar vacuum jacket and packed with felt and cotton wrappings in wooden cases, with a loose cap of felt over the open mouth of each flask.

When put up at the laboratory for shipment the liquid contained 75 per cent. oxygen and 25 per cent. nitrogen; but before it had reached Vienna and was used in the experiments it had lost about half its bulk by evaporation, and what remained contained 85 per cent. oxygen to 15 per cent. nitrogen. The absorbents used in preparing the cartridges were silicious marl (Kieselguhr) and 'solar oil," and, according to the report, two methods of preparation were employed. By one process the marl and oil was mixed in a wooden vessel, and the liquid air gradually added until a stiff paste was formed, which was packed in paper cartridge shells covered with asbestos.

By the other plan, the mixture of marl and oil was put into the cartridge, which was enclosed in a lead case with a layer of felt between, and the liquid air then poured in until the paste was completely saturated. The cartridges prepared by both methods were safe and readily transportable, and their explosive power tested by firing at the bottom of deep holes bored in rock. The results showed that while liquid air is an efficient explosive, it is far less effective than dynamite, guncotton, explosive gelatine, or giant powder.

The conclusions of the military experts were concisely as follows: Both methods of preparing the cartridges were pronounced wasteful, and in consequence of the rapid evaporation of the liquid air they must be used immediately after being prepared; beyond fifteen minutes the evaporation will so affect the cartridge that it is likely to miss fire and its strength cannot be even roughly guaranteed. On the other hand, the cartridges when freshly prepared are powerful and well adapted to coal and other mining.

The net conclusion to be derived from these and preceding experiments in Europe is that, notwithstanding the obvious advantages of liquid air as an explosive for mining purposes, the rapid deterioration of the cartridges and their varying and uncertain strength are obstacles so serious that, until they can be overcome, its value and application to that use will remain experimental and comparatively limited.

FOUND USEFUL.

A Burglar Bombarded With Electric Light Bulbs.

"Of all the outlandish weapons ever employed in a fight," said a business man of the South Side, "I think I brought the most fantastic on record into play one night last week.

"My family are away on a visit at present, and I am keeping bachelor hall out at the house. On the night to which I refer I was aroused about 3 a. m. by a noise somewhere in the region of the dining-room, and, thinking I had shut up the dog there, I jumped up very foolishly and came down stairs in my night clothes, without so much as a pocket knife. When I opened the dining-room door I was startled to see a big, rough-looking man bending over the sideboard at the far end of the room, and after he had stood there en tableau for a moment the fellow made a rush at me. I leaped back into the hall and glared around for a weapon. On a table nearby were a dozen incandescent light bulbs, which I had brought home to replace some that had burned out, and purely by instinct I grabbed one of them and threw it at the burglar. It hit the door casing close to his head, and, to my amazement, exploded with a noise like a young lyddite shell. I suppose it was a still greater surprise to the other fellow, for he let out a yell and broke for the rear, followed by a rapid-fire bombardment of sixteen-candle-power incandescents, which I continued to throw at him as long as he remained in range. They smashed against the furniture with a series of clashes that alarmed the whole neighborhood, and I have been gathering up fragments of broken glass ever since.

"The burglar must have thought I was chasing him with hand grenades. It was the first time I ever knew that incandescents made such a row when they broke. An electrician tells me that it is caused by the air rushing into the vacuum."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

BE NOT DECEIVED!!

TO THE COLORED PEOPLE of America.

RECOGNIZING the fact that there are many so called hair growers and straighteners now being offered on the market, and knowing to a certainty that most of these are frauds pure and simple, we wish to make a straight forward statement to the colored people of America through its best paper, the Planet.

In the year 1871, our present Secretary through a fortunate circumstance acquired the receipt for OZONO. It was not offered for sale or pushed to any extent until 1875, when it was put upon the market and met with marked success. After a thorough test by the leading colored people of that time, it was pronounced an honest, legitimate remedy. True to all we claimed for it and worthy in every respect of the confidence and attention of every member of the colored race. Because they found it to cause the hair to GROW LONG AND STAIGHT, soft and fine and as beautiful as an April morning. It also cures all forms of itching, humiliating scalp diseases, stops the hair from falling out, and causes a new growth to grow on the baldest head. Now, whenever a genuine article appears on the market, there are always a lot of people who imitate and make capital out of the merits of other people's goods. Seeing our marked success numerous so called hair growers and hair straighteners were put on the market. Of course the colored people had no way to tell that they were being fooled and bought most of them to their sorrow.

Now we ask you a plain question. Would we absolutely agree to refund you your money provided you are not satisfied with the preparations we manufacture if our goods were not true to all we claim for them? We assert right here that we have advertised for nearly 24 years, offering to return the money for every case in which Ozono did not give satisfaction and we have nevr yet had to refund the money. Ozono will positively take the Kinks out of Knotty, Kinky, Curly, Refractory Hair. It will make short, harsh hair long and straight, It will cure your head of all itching, worrying, running scalp diseases, Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff, Itch, &c.

I will stop your hair from falling out. It will restore gray hair to its natural color, making the hair Long and Soft, Fine and Silky and as beautiful as an April morning. 10 000 people are to—day using Ozono and not one complaint. We have thousands of testimonials we have not space to publish. Rev. B. Hertz, an eminent Colored Divine of the Church write: I have found your Ozono to prove satisfactory in every particular.

Kate W. Page, Blacksburg, Va., writes—Your preparation has proved true to all you claim for it.

The price of Ozono is 50c. a box. It takes from 3 to 4 to accomplish the treatment. We make this special offer for a limited time only. Cut out this Coupon and send to us with $1.00, and we will forward you 4 boxes of Ozono and one bottle Electrical Skin Refiner which makes black skin bright rough skin soft and pliant and cures all skin deseases. We will also include one fancy jar of our Electrical Skin Food—nature's great beautifier, removes Wrinkles, Moth patches, freckles and all facial blemishes, and to prove our liberality we will add to this one package of Anti-Odor. A positive cure for Sore throat, all forms of Womb Diseases, Chilblains, Sore and Frosted Feet, also removes all smells and Odors arising from the human body such as Feet, Arm pits, &c.

Remember we will refund the money if you are not pleased the goods and positively this offer is not good but for a short time only. Cut out and mail this Coupon to us with one Dollar and get this grand combination Offer; as this opportunity will not occur again.

Boston Chemical Company,
411 23D Street - - Richmond, Va.

I enclose you $1.00 (One Dollar) for which please send me the following goods at once:

(four) LARGE BOXES "OZONO" HAIR GROWER AND HAIR STRAIGHTENER.
(one) LARGE BOTTLE ELECTRICAL SKIN REFINER,
(one) LARGE JAR ELECTRICAL SKIN FOOD,
(one) LARGE PACKAGE ANTI ODOR.

MY NAME IS

Name.....

House No.....

City ..... Co. .....

TRAVEL, A LUXURY.

The "Royal Limited" finest day train in the world, leaving Washington B. & O. Station, New Jersey Avenue and C Street, Daily, 3 P. M., arriaes New York 8 P. M. Splendid dining and cafe car service.

MOST SUPERB DAY TRAIN IN THE WORLD.

The "Royal Limited" leeves Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Station, New Jersey Avenue and C Street, daily, 3 P. M arrives New York 8 P. M. Splendid dining and cafe car service.

WASHINGTON-TOLEDO SLEEPER VIA B. & O.

Quick service to Michigan points daily on 12:05 A. M. train, arriving Toledo 6.35 P. M., without change, same day, making close connections to all points in Michigan.

WASHINGTON-CLEVELAND SLEEPER VIA B. & O.

Quick service and superior accommodations daily on 8.30 P. M. train, without change, arriving Cleveland 10.20 next morning.

FIVE STATES IN FIVE HOURS.

The "Royal Limited," beautiful, swift and sure, leaving Washington, B. & O. R. R. Station, New Jersey Avenue and C Street, daily, 3 P. M., arriving New York 8 P. M. Exquisite dining and cafe car service.

THE AMERICAN SAVINGS INDUSTRIAL Co., offers a most excellent opportunity to persons who want money and are willing to work for it. This company has a plan which brings you

$2.50 for 25 cents,
$5.00 for 50 cents,
$10.00 for $1.00, and
$50.00 for $5.00.

It comprises no risk, chance, gift or game but a simple industrious plan. You do well to investigate the work of this company. It is a novel way to honest industry.

Explaination Free, Call or Address

Room 3, 609 F St, N.W.

For rheumatism, liver comp. bad blood, boils, pimples, old sores, ring worm, tetters, chronic and syphilitic rheumatism, and all humors and scrofulous diseases caused by impurities of the blood, take the New Blood Tonic. This medicine is carefully compounded and contains the most valuable blood purifiers known to medical science. Its use will convince you that it has no equal. Guaranteed pure and fresh. Price, 50 cents small, $1.00 large. Mail orders promptly attended to. Delivered in city for the above price. Prepared only by Harris Chemical Company, 3rd and F streets n. w., Washington, D. C.

I shall in this column endeavor to answer all correspondence that may be sent and I urgently request young ladies to read this column and any questions that they wish answered please send them in before Saturday of each week.

By Miss May Clematis.

Laura:—When a person does you a kind act unconciously, the beauty can be readily seen.

A. B. No one is justified in accepting kindness when so much stress is put upon it; as impure motives can be plainly seen.

Edna:—When you are t eating your friends kindly, is the time to watch them.

R. P. A person who has loved sincerely and has been disappointed has a tender heart and should be dealt with accordingly.

Spring:—When hats are piled up with every conceivable trimming and the quality of the hat cannot be seen for the flowers, are everything but fashionable. What may be the latest style of dress or head gear does not make a person look well dressed. When one is becomingly attired he looks fashionable.

Rudy:—It is a very easy matter to marry; but living afterwards is what most couples fail to talk about. A girl should endeavor to show a man her true disposition and tell him just what she will expect of him in the future, as soon as they are engaged. The man should do the same. Then if they don't like each others ideas they will find it much easier to separate than to be divorced after marriage.

Clara:—A girl of twenty-nine summers ought to know enough to choose for herself; however, as long as a girl is single she comes under the jurisdiction of her mother. A man goes for himself at twenty-one.

Watch the person who claims that he can do so much. It is an unwise thing to blow your own horn.

It is considered in better taste to wait until a young man asks permission to call rather than to extend him an invitation.

F. G. 'Tis quite the proper thing for a young man to present the young lady with a boquet, whom he may ask to go to a reception.

Eva:—Your chance is an exceptional one, nevertheless do 't be in a hurry.

Josephine:—While it may be quite the proper thing for a lady to take a gentleman's arm, still I see no impropriety in a gentleman taking a lady's arm. I prefer the latter.

Inquirer:—I am not interested in school matters, however Supt. Cook is a gentleman at scholar and one who can stand the calcium light. If a change is made, it will not come for a long while.

X. X. Cupid dart has been very busy of late, he has thrown his arrow into three of our school marms and hosts of others on the out side. The month of April will find the stores busy, supplying "invites" to these happy occasions. If all rumors are true, the class of 1900 will be as fortunate as class '99, as host of young and old ar booked to go out next year.

Never trust a person when he is ever ready to take an oath to his own statement. Some people need more to convince them than others.

H. S. A man of thirty-five should be married. Old batchelors and old maids are a misery to themselves, hence they make others unhappy.

D. A. You are a model person, but don't get "big headed," if so you may spoil the effect.

Lula:—"Rich" is a dear good fellow and I know you will be happy with him. I admire a Christian spirit in man or woman.

E. V. A man or woman should not accept the company of others, after their purposes have been made known to the family. A gentleman should ask for the lady or make his intentions known, at least six months before the desired time to wed. Long courtships are dangerous. Beware.

Franceus;—Beware of the person who manifests so much interest in your welfare, except you have studied his character.

Fashion;—This is to be a "white season." White taffeta waists with colored skirts will be in the lead. A steel colored broadcloth, with the tripie box plate in the back of skirt, slightly trained, a short jacket to match, accompanied by a white silk waist, with French back will be just the "chic" thing for spring.

The rustle that used to be heard before one heaved in sight, is a thing of the past. The best dresses are lined with Surah silk or some sott material that does not rustle.

The rainy day dress can be seen when the sun is at its height, as well as when the clouds are low. These dresses are much worn by shoppers and for every day use among business women.

Nannie:—The birth stone for the month of May is the emerald.

Mammie:—When a travelling costume is worn, even if the marriage be a home affair, the bonnet and gloves should be put on before the ceremony.

Sadie;—Remember the old addage, "When theives fall out, honest men get their dues."

Two Gigantic Suits.

The United States Supreme Court is about to decide two important cases. One is the famous "hat trimmings" case, which has been in the various courts more or less for the past seventeen years and in the settlement of which anywhere from $5,000,000 to $35,000,000 is involved. The tariff of 1883 placed a certain rate of duty on trimmings of silk intended for hats, bonnets and hoods for men, women and children. Large importations of silk material which could be used on hats were made and presented for entry as hat trimmings. It was held that they were intended for other purposes, and they were assessed at a higher rate as silk. Despite the tremendous protests that followed this decision the government collected millions of disputed dollars in the way of tariff duties on such articles. Suit was brought to recover the difference between the duty on hat trimmings and on straightout silk goods, and it is estimated that the amount thus affected ranges anywhere from $5,000,000 to $35,000,000. The decision hinges on the interpretation of the term "chief use" as applied to the silk material.

The other case is that of the United States versus Harris and others. The defendants are receivers for the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, who are charged with a violation of the statute requiring the stoppage of cattle trains in transit at certain periods in order that the cattle may be given rest, water and food. The receivers of this road neglected to observe this law in a certain case and were proceeded against in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania to recover the penalty imposed for its violation. The District Court decided against the government, holding that the receivers were not liable to the penalty and the Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the decision. The government has now applied to the Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari to have the case tried over, which the court has granted. The case is of considerable importance to the Agricultural Department in enforcing the act intended to protect cattle and to insure the killing of beef in good condition.

Bible Circulating.

The American Bible Society is to circulate the Good Book in the Philippines. Instead of depending on missionaries from the United States, a native Tagalog and a native Pangasinan are to be employed to go into the interior of the country. The scriptures are now in progress of translation into the curious dialects of the islanders. The Bible Society is pushing the work forward with all possible rapidity. The work already undertaken comprises the dialects of the Tagalos, Pangasinans and Viscayans. Scholars are studying the other dialects. These translators will be the first to make a written language of many Filipino vernaculars.

Another plan of work in the Philippines which the society has in view is a scheme for distributing Bibles among the ships that come into Manila Harbor. This idea is suggested by the plan already in effective operation in Port Said Harbor.

All this work in the Philippines is under the control of the Secretaries of the American Bible Society, whose office is in New York. They have just received the first report of Rev. Jay C. Goodrich, who was sent from New York to undertake the distribution of Bibles and Testaments, and he is already at work.

They Raise Gulls.

The natives of Foula, one of the Shetland islands, make a business of rearing skau gulls in order to rid the island of the eaglets that commit so many depredations. The magnificent red sandstone cliffs that skirt the northwestern coast become a favorite haunt of the eagles, and in this inaccessible spot they increase so rapidly that they become a terror to the farmers and fishermen who dwell on this isolated spot. The skau gull is also strong and fierce and the inveterate foe of the eagle. In battle the gulls are nearly always victorious, and so the inhabitants of Foula hit upon the novel plan of feeding and caring for skau gulls, which, though formidable to their feathered enemies, are very peaceable and docile when brought in contact with man.

An Attractive Figure.

In nine cases out of ten a defective looking figure is not so in reality, but is simply the result of continuously wearing badly fitting bodices and not giving sufficient attention to the cut of the underwear and the shape of the corsets. This season all bodices and coats are tight fitting, added to which skirts are still made to cling closely around the hips; therefore the undergarments must be made with as few seams or creases as possible as far as the hips, the remaining fullness is then arranged to the size of the waist by means of a drawstring, and in order to still further reduce the waist measurement, shaped to the figure combinations made of fine quality natural wool or silk are generally adopted by the leaders of fashion in all grades of society.

It has been found that an apparatus for killing animals with chloroform in England would not work in India, because the high temperature prevented the concentration of the chloroform vapor. That this was the cause was proved by the fact that by placing ice in the box the animals were readily killed.

Beware of the man who never gets mad. He is quite as much to be disliked as the one who is not fond of children.

In all Spain there are only 3,230 children in the Sunday schools.

HE CAUGHT SENATOR PLATT.

A Reminiscense of the 1896 Campaign That Is Interesting.

If Senator Thomas C. Platt has one peculiarity more pronounced than another it is his discretion. While no political leader in New York is more affable to reporters than Mr. Platt, none gives out less information that he has not carefully prepared. In the campaign of 1896 Mr. Platt was a central figure. Anything from him was worth space. It was before the St. Louis convention, and he was supposed to carry in his pocket the 72 votes of the Empire State. It was about this time that a very young newspaper reporter seated himself among the veteran political reporters in the amen corner of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where Mr. Platt makes his city home.

Every one was expecting an important declaration, but none came. Mr. Platt appeared, as was his custom. He smiled in his usual confidential and somewhat mysterious way and said there was nothing to give out. There was no going behind these returns, apparently, but this young reporter had wisdom beyond his years. Probably that is the reason that he is one of the most successful editors in the country to-day. He followed Mr. Platt out to the street. As they mingled with the evening throng he linked his arm in his.

"Mr. Platt," said he, "you're the biggest politician in New York and I'm the youngest reporter. I've got to get a story from you or lose my job. Now, I don't care a cent what you talk about, but as a friend I would advise you to talk politics."

Mr. Platt, who is tall, slender and gray-bearded, with a style of humor that can only be characterized as grim, disengaged his arm from that of his young friend and looked at him. He was astonished for the first time in years.

"Well, I haven't got anything to say," he replied, "but if you are so dead set on a political story I'll talk to you. I suppose it doesn't make any difference whether I discuss national or local politics. You seem to insist upon politics." And he did discuss politics to the extent of a column and a half.—Phil. Saturday Post.

ENCIRCLED BY A "LIVE" WIRE.

Cleverness With Which the Victim Walked Out of the Loop.

"I witnessed a really astonishing exhibition of coolness and presence of mind this afternoon," said a New Orleans insurance man a few days ago. "Some workmen were removing an overhead wire on upper Prytanian street, when one end of it broke loose and dropped down to the pavement. It doubled into a sort of loop as it fell, and, by a singular chance, it completely encircled a young man who was passing, without, however, touching him anywhere.

Some people were standing in a nearby doorway, and immediately yelled "Live wire!" Nine men out of ten would have lost their heads completely under such circumstances, but this young man was as calm as a summer's morning. The wire was wriggling all around him like an immense snake, and threatened every moment to strike him on the legs, but he made no effort to jump. On the contrary, he stood perfectly still, puffing away at a cigar he had been smoking as he came along. Presently, when he saw an opportunity, he sauntered quietly out of the open end of the loop, as unconcerned, to all appearances, as a man walking out of a drawing room.

"I was on the opposite side of the street at the time the thing occurred, and I must confess it made my hair bristle on my head. I ran across and could not help remarking to the young man that I admired his pluck. He laughed. 'Oh, that's all on the surface!' he said. 'I'm dripping with sweat and am really scared half to death.' I would like to round off this story by saying that the wire was carrying enough current to kill an elephant, but the truth is that it was not connected at the time and was as harmless as a piece of clothes line. Still, that was something nobody knew for half an hour, and I insist that it has no bearing on the real merits of the case."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Stage Heroes Are Scarce.

"The making of actresses is easier than the making of actors," writes Franklin Fyles of "The Theatre and Its People" in the December Ladies' Home Journal. "The young women are by nature more apt and pliable. Their faces are most mobile, their manners more graceful, their habits of speech and bearing more variable. When the round-up of talent comes and the the graduates are turned out for the professional service there are half a dozen proficient actresses to every actor of equal ability. This is shown at the matinee trial performances, in which the female roles are generally well played, while the male ones are not. If promising actresses are more numerous, six to one, than actors, the same ratio operates in favor of young men in getting work. A good-looking fellow finds himself in no such glutted market as discourages his sister aspirant. If he is clever he will readily get an opening, even though he is ugly. The masculine roles in plays predominate largely. Of comely intelligent and tolerable facile actresses the supply is far in excess of the demand. Heroes are scarce. Heroines are plenty."

The Spider's Appetite.

Commenting on the amount which a spider actually consumed during 24 hours Sir J. Lubbock says: At a similar rate of consumption a man weighing 160 pounds will require a whole fat deer for breakfast, a steer and five sheep for dinner, and for supper two bullocks, eight sheep and four hogs, and just before retiring nearly four barrels of fresh fish"

An Excellent Prescription.

Dr. Young—My dear, your throat demands better protection from the daughts of the opera house.

Mrs. Young—Yes, darling. I ought to have a three-rope pearl necklace for such occasions.—Jewelers' Weekly.

Original Sin.

"What is original sin?" "Inventing a new diversion for Lent that will pass as a charity."—Brooklyn Life.

LAND WITHOUT STRIKES.

A Law Which Has Been Remarkably Successful in New Zealand.

New Zealond has anticipated the rest of the world by enacting a law which deals so rationally with all trade disputes that it has actully prevented strikes for the last five years. It is impossible to present more than an outline of the plan.

Both associations of employers and the trade unions may be incorporated. Those which are chartered or registered, choose the members of their own board and also the members of the court to which disputes are referred. Whether organized or not, the associations and trade unions are subject to the law.

The colony of New Zealand is divided into industrial districts, for each of which there is a conciliation board elected for three years. It consists of two persons chosen by registered employers; two by registered trade unions, and one disinterested person elected by the four, who is chairman. When a dispute arises between employers and the men in their employ, either party may refer the matter in dispute to the district board, which has full authority to investigate the facts and to command a settlement. In case either party will not accept the decision the matter is referred to the State court. This consists of one person representing the trade unions, one the employers, and a chairman, a Judge of the supreme court, appointed by the Governor. The court has a three years' term and is wisely independent of politics.

A decision by this court is final and must be accepted under a penalty for violation not exceeding £500, or $2,500. Moreover, when a dispute has been referred to the conciliation board, and until it is finally settled, a strike or lockout is illegal.

That there have been about fifty cases referred to district boards or to the court in the past five years, that during that time there has neither strike nor lockout in New Zealand, and that in every case the decision has been accepted by both parties, seems to prove either that the law is excellent, or that it is excellently administered. Perhaps it demonstrates both propositions. The necessity for the passage of a similar law in this country is to apparent to require argument. Aside from the interests of the employers and the employed, the greater interests of the general public demand it.—Youth's Companion.

IN SOUTH AFRICA.

How the British Care for the Wounded Soldiers.

Modern artillery's effectiveness has put a very different complexion upon the uses and necessities of field hospitals. A field hospital used to be very near the fighting line—it was often actually under fire. But nowadays, when artillery fire is commonly effective at four thousand yards, no field hospital could be allowed sufficiently near the fighting line to permit of the wounded being taken directly to it, and the organization of aid has been altogether altered.

In South Africa it has been arranged that all the effective aid in the field will be that of the Army Medical Corps. Voluntary aid will confine itself to the lines of communication between the field and the base hospital and between the base and general hospitals. The working organization is as follows:—

Accompanying the fighting line are the bearer companies of the Army Medical Corps—three or four men to each regular regimental company. When a man drops out wounded, the Army Medical Corps men pick him up and take him to the nearest dressing station, where he is attended to as quickly as possible. From the dressing station the wounded are taken to collecting stations, these being placed at points where more shelter is obtainable.

In the case of collecting stations, it is possible, of course, to select more effective shelter than at the dressing stations, where shelter is more a matter of improvisation. From the collecting stations the wounded are carried as quickly as possible to the field hospital. Here, generally speaking, they remain a day, and are then removed to the base hospital.

There will be twelve field hospitals in South Africa, four stationary or base hospitals and four general hospitals, each with its complete staff. The distribution of these hospitals will be determined by the officers commanding in South Africa, and must depend on the manner in which the military situation develops.

Tyrolese Courting.

When a young Tyrolese goes a-courting in earnest he carries with him a bottle of wine, of which he pours out a portion and presents it to the object of his affection.

If she accepts it the whole affair is settled. Very often the girl has not made up her mind, and then she will take refuge in excuses, so as not to drink the wine, and yet not refuse it point blank, for that is considered a gross insult, proving that she has been merely trifling with the affections of her lover. She will, for instance, maintain that the wine "looks sour," or that wine "disagrees with her." In fact she makes use of any subterfuge that presents itself at the moment.

Shy lovers, loth to make sure of their case beforehand, find it a very happy inspiration. Not a word need be spoken, and the girl is spared the painful "No" of civilization.

A Lost River.

One of the most remarkable freaks of nature occurs in Mexico. It is a river that is not a river. The bed of it lies in a valley between the Rio Grande and Pecos Rivers. It is not a dead or dried-up stream. It is simply lost. Numerous big tributaries flow into it from the neighboring mountains. Immediately, however, they reach the bed of the main stream they disappear from sight. Thus, for some reason or another a river, which should be 300 miles in length, has no existence which could be proved.

Advance of Aluminium.

Aluminium, which had no commercial existence a few years ago, was produced in the United States last year to the extent of 5,200,000 pounds, valued at $1,750,000, which is one tenth of the cost of 10 years ago.

Jos. J. Kelley
732 SECOND ST., S.W.
COR. H STREET,
FINE WINES, LIQ ORS, & CIGARS

THE---*
Shoreham
15th and H Sts., n. W.
JOHN T. DEVINE.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

COCHRAN-
HOTEL,
14th and K Sts., n. W
Strictly First-Class Meals

The--:-
Fredonia,
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
AMERICAN PLAN. EUROPEAN PLAN
1321-1323 H Street Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
WASHINGTON DANENHOWER,
PROPRIETOR.

Hotel
NORMANDIE,
HOTELS.
BALTIMORE.

The Stafford
EUROPEAN PLAN: ROOMS ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF AND UPWARDS:
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF:
EQUIPPED WITH ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
SITUATED ON WASHINGTON PLACE, AT THE MOUTH OF WASHINGTON MONUMENT, IN THE MOST FASHIONABLE PART OF THE CITY, CONVENIENT TO DEPOTS, THEATRES AND BUSINESS CENTERS.
CUISINE UNEXCELLED.
JAMES P. A. O'CONNOR, MANAGER
Baltimore, Md.

W. Calvin Chase
Attorney and Counselor at Law
—AND—
—Notary Public—
Practices in all the Courts in Virginia and the District of Columbia.
Office 1109 I Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

GENERAL RAILROAD AND Steamboat Ticket Office.
The Richmond Transfer Co. and Baggage Express,
Office: 901 Mai St., Richmond, Va.
Tickets to all principal points in America and Europe. Rates same as at depots. Passengers and baggage called for and baggage checked to destination. Pleasure carriages for hire.
A. W. HARPER, Pres.

Found the Ring.

An interesting story comes from Provo regarding the age of miracles. For those who are not superstitious it is doubly entertaining. During a recent visit of President George Q. Cannon to the Southern town he was entertained at the home of L. Holbrook, manager of the Grand Central Mine. Mr. Holbrook's fifteen-year-old daughter Aura told President Cannon that she had dreamed three times that she had found a diamond ring, and in the third dream a man giving his name as Vanness, and address Dallas, Texas, had told her he lost a ring while going through Provo 10 years ago, and that she could find it under a certain rock, giving minute details as to the location of the same. President Cannon listened to the story with interest, and at its conclusion told the girl she should follow up her dream. Aura got on her wheel and rode away. In less than two minutes she returned, holding a diamond ring in her hand. She claims to have found it in the place described by her dreamland visitant.

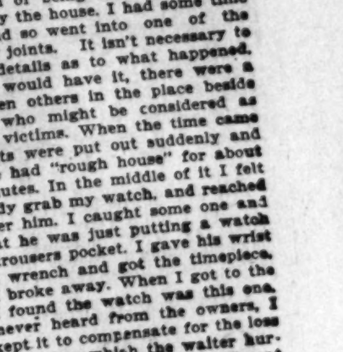
It is interesting to know that Miss Aura has a fondness for diamond rings and has answered a great many advertisements of them.—Salt Lake Herald.

Stole Watch to Get Square.

"Great Scott! but that's a fine watch," came from the chorus. "Where did you get it?" "Stole it," answered its possessor calmly. "You don't believe me, do you?" he went on. "Well, I'll tell you how it happened. I was on a Western district which enjoyed the reputation of being the toughest one covered by the house. I had some time to kill and so went into one of the gambling joints. It isn't necessary to go into details as to what happened. As luck would have it, there were a half dozen others in the place beside myself, who might be considered as possible victims. When the time came the lights were put out suddenly and then we had "rough house" for about ten minutes. In the middle of it I felt somebody grab my watch, and reached out after him. I caught some one and felt that he was just putting a watch in his trousers pocket. I gave his wrist a hard wrench and got the timepiece. Then I broke away. When I got to the light I found the watch was this one. As I never heard from the owners, I have kept it to compensate for the loss of mine." After which the waiter hurried over in response to six different signals.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Turkey Five Feet High.

John McCormick, a farmer who resides across the river from here in Illinois, is the owner of a turkey gobbler which towers in the air five feet and weighs 65 pounds. It looks more like an ostrich than a turkey. Its legs at the feet are an inch and a half in diameter, while close to the body they are the same size of an ordinary man's arm at the elbow. The bird's wings measure seven feet from tip to tip.—Clinton, Ia., Cor. Chicago Inter Ocean.



ATTENTION! LADIES!

HAIR RESTORER

All who are dersirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairoline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer, Oriental Complexion Cre mao cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like velvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of implements and toilet articles for sale.
1545 4th Street Northwest.
Agency at THE BEE Office.

Only one man,
in washington gives
12 cabinet size Phos
and a
Crayon Portrait for $5.00
PRICE, ARTIST, PHOTOGRAPH
723 Seventh Street, N. W.

PISO'S CURE FOR
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best
Cough Medicine.
If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of safety, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.
CONSUMPTION

HO' THE TAILOR.

The most successful man in the city is Horn, the tailor. He left for Philadelphia, Pa., yesterday to have shipped to this city his new spring imported goods. It is the biggest lot of new spring goods that have ever been shipped to this city by any importer. Do you need a

NEW SPRING SUIT?

that will fit you to raequeen' taste? Don't fail to call place o business, 637 F street, northwest, on Monday and examine his new line of goods that you desire to see. Do you want

A NEW STYLE SUIT?

If you want to look nice, Horn has man who knows how to fit you. you have a hu broken leg, Horn ca re he defects. Doo wnt

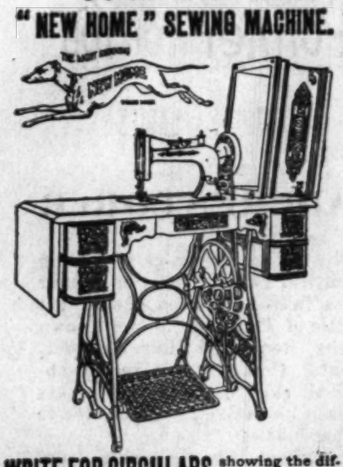
If you want a new s ring suit made from imported goods, Horn the tailor, will make you a new susp.

Give him a call at once.

637 F s reet, n.w.

. . TRY THE . .

"NEW HOME" SEWING MACHINE.



WRITE FOR CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and their prices before you purchase any other.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.,

ORANGE, MASS.

28 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
Dallas, Texas. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE BY

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND PHOSPHATES OF LIME, SODA, IRON.

For the Cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Debility, Wasting Diseases and Scrofulous Humors.

Almost as palatable as cream. It can be taken with pleasure by delicate persons and children, who, after using it, are very fond of it. It assimilates with the food, increases the flesh and appetite, builds up the nervous system, restores energy to mind and body creates new, rich and pure blood, in fact, rejuvenates the whole system.

FLESH, BLOOD, NERVE, BRAIN.

This preparation is far superior to all other preparations of Cod-Liver Oil; it has many imitators, but no equals. The results following its use are its best recommendations Be sure, as you value your health, and get the genuine. Manufactured only by Dr. ALEXR. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, Mass. Sold by all Druggists

GASKIN & GAINES,

THE ACADEMY RESTURANT

Just around the cor.' Opposite Kann's
r eet North West.

Wines, Liquors
Cigars

l mestic.

Ladies' d Gentlemens Cafe Upstairs

Washington, D C

THE NEW BLOOD TONIC.

The great spring medicine that makes old people feel young, gives new blood, new life' strengthens the limbs, brightens the intellect, quickens the step, sharpens the appetite, removes all aches and pains in the back, joints or limbs. The great and wonderful Blood and Skin Clenser—Pleasant to take—small doses—but powerful and effective—Harmless—Only 50 cents and $1.—Prepared only by

Harris Chem. Co.,
Washington, D. C.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR OUR HIGH SHOOL GRADUATES.

Any one with a business turn can earn two or three dollars a day by taking up the work laid out by the American Savings Industrial Company, Room 3, 609 F st., N. W. Explanation free. Call from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Only those willing to work need apply.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

CLINTON COTTAGE,
1820 Atlantic Ave.,
Atlantic City, N. J.,

Under the management of Mr. E Murray, the experienced caterer o Washington, D. C., is now open for the season 1900.

The Cottage has been greatly improved and refitted with new carpets and additional furniture.

All first class help have been engaged for this season and the very best service will be afforded all guest who patronize the Clinton.

Clinton Cottage is splendidly located only two blocks from the ocean front.

The dining room has been newly fitted up and will be run separate from the cafe.

The cafe will be run on the European Plan.

Board by the week, day, or by meals, also ice cream and confectionaries for sale.

For terms, please address

Mr. E. Murray, Proprietor,
600 3rd st. s. w.,
Washington, D. C.

Established, 1866.

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE,

301 Penn. Ave. n.w.

Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, stols, guns, mechanical tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearing appearal.

Old gold and silver bought
Unredeemed pledges for sale

HOLMES' HOTEL

333 Virginia Avenue S. y,

European and American Plan.

The Best Afro-American Accommodation in the city.

Our Bar Attached. . . .

The best wines, imported brandies. Fine old whiskies always on hand Good Havana cigars.

Our rooms are large and airy in summer, and well heated in winter. Rooms with or without board. Single rooms 50 cents and $1.

James Ortway Holmes, Prop.

ADVERTISERS

can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau
10 Spruce St., New York.

L. H. Harris,

DRUGGIST AND DEALER IN

Pure Drugs AND Chemicals

Perfumery, Toilet and Fancy Articles, & PATENT MEDICINES. Physician's Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded Day and Night.

Cor. 3d and F Sts., S. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

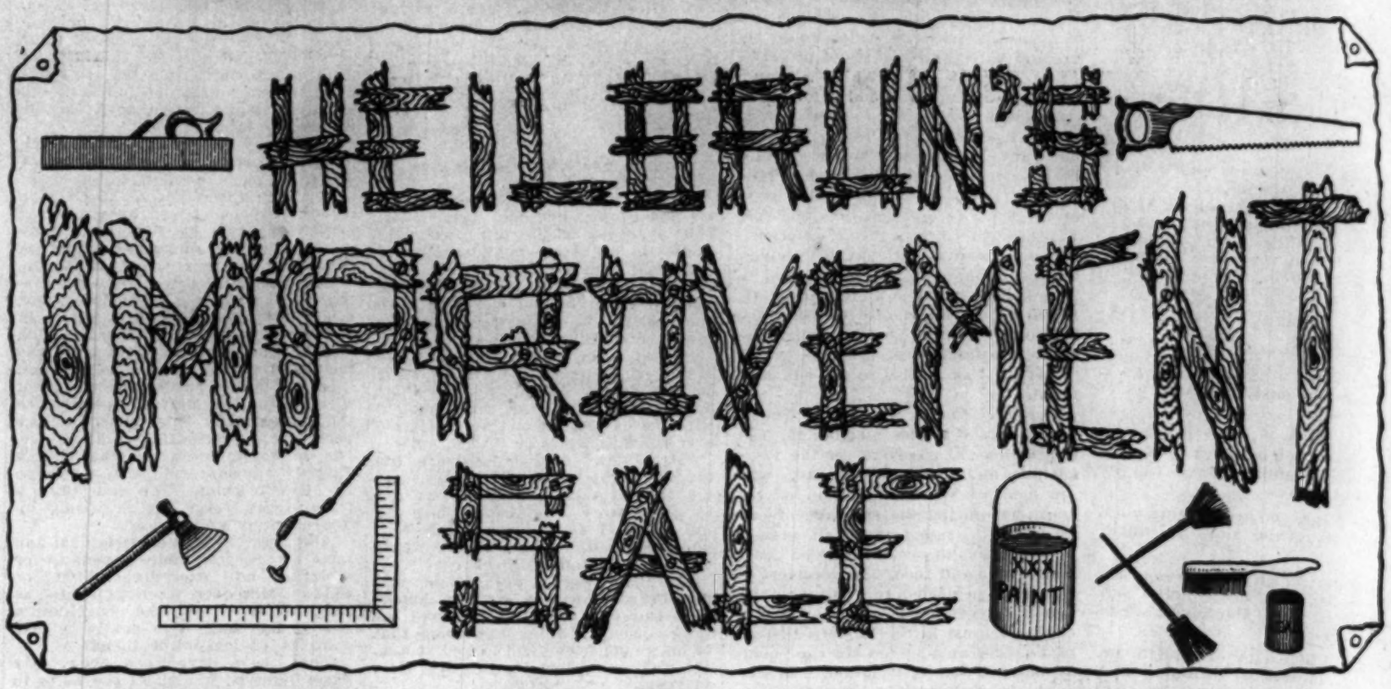
S. E. Corner Fourth and N Streets, N. W.,

HUMMER & Co.,

THE NEW STORE!

All Kinds Of Meats, Vegetables, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEN



FINE FOOT WEAR, OF THEIR ENTIRE $40,000 STOCK WITHOUT RESERVE.

BELOW A FEW ITEMS ARE QUOTED TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA.

Choice of our LADIES FINEST SHOES 2.19.

Worth up to $5.00 a pair.

This gives you extraordinary selection of the Very Finest kinds of Footwear and the assortment is so Immense that a Feet and fancies can be suited exactly for the small price. $2.19

Ladies' Easy comfortable house slippers, now	29c
Men's and Ladies' fancy house slippers, all kinds	79c
Boy's and Misses' fine shoes $1.25 kinds, now	89c
Mens' and Ladies' Chic Style, Shoes worth 1.75, now	$1.19
2nd Choice of fine shoes for Gents and Ladies, values up to 3.00 a pair going for	$1.69

SPECIAL: Mr. A. J. Johnson, formerly in our employ, is again with us as ever ready to serve his numerous friends with shoes that'll make their feet glad.

FOR MEN

Swagger Styles of all the latest conceits of Fine Shoes in Patent Leather, Tan, Russia Calf, Black Vica Kid and Box Calf.

In Button and Lace, Bull Dog, Pug and Vienna Toes, all sizes and widths.

Many worth regularly 5.00; some 4.00 and a few 3.50, all bunched now at $2.19

HEILBRUN--7TH STREET 402 SIGN: The Old Women In the Shoe. NEXT TO WOOLWORTH'S 10 cent store.

TO THE READERS OF THE BEE.

The early closing movement has gone into effect and so far has proved a success. However, to secure its permanency it is necessary to keep before the eyes of the public the feature of early shopping on Saturday, and we take this means to request the readers of THE BEE to do their shopping before nine, and if possible, before 6 o'clock on Saturday.

By doing this you will materially aid the furtherance of our cause.

Hecht and Co. DO NOW close their place of business at nine o'clock.

If you want to help the early closing movement, do not deal with merchants *WHO DO NOT CLOSE* at 9 o'clock Saturday.

RETAIL CLERK's UNION,

A. F. of L. No. 262.

NELSONS STRAIGHTINE THE LATEST DISCOVERY FOR MAKING KNOTTY, KINKY, CURLY HAIR STRAIGHT.

STRAIGHTINE is no experiment, but a thoroughly reliable preparation. It has been successfully used by thousands in all portions of the country. We have hundreds of letters speaking in the highest terms of its merit, and every mail brings us fresh testimonials. Straightine is a highly perfumed pomade; it not only Straightens the Hair, but removes Dandruff, Keeps the Hair from Falling Out, cures Itching, Irritating Scalp Diseases, giving a rich, long and luxurious head of hair—so much to be desired. Guaranteed perfectly harmless. Price, 25 Cents a can at all drug stores, or sent by mail to any address on receipt of 30 Cents in stamps or silver. Address, NELSON M'F'G CO., Richmond, Va. Big Money for Agents. Write for Terms.

H. K. FULTON

LOAN OFFICE

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, &c. MOMEY LOANED ON EASY PAYMENTS.

H. K. Fulton has removed his Loan Office from his old stand, 1218 Pa., avenue to his handsome new building, 314 9th street, n. w., between Penn. ave. and D st, n, w., where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER, UNREDEEMED PLEDES FOR SALE.

314 9th Street. Northwest.

LEE'S TAKE-OUT KINK

The only article ever manufactured that actually takes the KINKS out of the hair. It will make the hair straight soft, pliable and beautiful. Nicely perfumed. Guaranteed pure and harmless. One bottle will convince the most doubtful that it will do all that we claim for it.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

Lee's Medicant Company.

S. HELLER, 20 THSTNW

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 [illegible], New York City.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS

Upright and Square Piano.

On Easy Terms

Charles Stieff.

Stieff Piano Warerooms,

351 Eleventh Street, Northw